Q.1: Find the domain and range of $f(x,y) = \arcsin(x^2 + y^2 - 3)$. Also sketch the domain.

Sol: For domain $-1 \le x^2 + y^2 - 3 \le 1$ which implies $2 \le x^2 + y^2 \le 4$. So the domain is two concentric circles of radii $\sqrt{2}$ and 2.

$$D = \{(x,y)|2 \le x^2 + y^2 \le 4\}$$
 and the range is $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le f(x,y) \le \frac{\pi}{2}$.

Q.2: Find the limit $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{2x^2y}{3x^4+2y^2}$ if exist or show that limit does not exist.

Sol: For
$$x = 0$$
 and $y \to 0$, $\lim_{y \to 0} \frac{20^2 y}{30^4 + 2y^2} = 0$

For
$$y = x^2$$
, $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2x^2x^2}{3x^4 + 2x^4} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2x^4}{5x^4} = \frac{2}{5}$.

So the limit does not exist.

Q.3: For
$$f(x,y) = x^2 y e^{xy^3}$$
, find $\frac{\partial^3 f}{\partial y \partial x \partial y}$.

Sol:
$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = (x^2 + 3x^3y^3)e^{xy^3}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} = (2x + 10x^2y^3 + 3x^3y^6)e^{xy^3}$$
$$\frac{\partial^3 f}{\partial y \partial x \partial y} = (36x^2y^2 + 48x^3y^5 + 9x^4y^8)e^{xy^3}$$