

Q.1: Find parametric equations of the line of intersection of the planes $x+y+z = 1$, $x-2y+3z = 1$.

Sol: Normal to these planes are $\vec{n}_1 = \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$ and $\vec{n}_2 = \langle 1, -2, 3 \rangle$. Since $\vec{n}_1 \nparallel \vec{n}_2$, therefore these two planes intersect in a line.

Solving these two equations,

$$\begin{array}{r} x + y + z = 1 \\ x - 2y + 3z = 1 \\ \hline 3y - 2z = 0 \end{array}$$

we get $z = \frac{3}{2}y$ and $x = 1 - y - z = 1 - y - \frac{3}{2}y = 1 - \frac{5}{2}y$.

Let $y = 0$, then $x = 1$ and $z = 0$. Now let $y = 2$, then $x = -4$ and $z = 3$.

So $(1, 0, 0)$ and $(-4, 2, 3)$ are two points on the line of intersection and $\vec{v} = \langle -5, 2, 3 \rangle$ is a vector parallel to the line. Therefore parametric equations of the line are:

$$\begin{array}{ll} x = -4 - 5t & x = 1 - 5s \\ y = 2 + 2t & \text{or } y = 0 + 2s \\ z = 3 + 3t & z = 0 + 3s \end{array}$$

Q.2: Find equation of the plane that passes through the line of intersection of the planes $x+y-z = 2$, $3x-4y+5z = 6$ and is parallel to the plane $x+3y-2z = 5$.

Sol: Required plane is parallel to the plane $x+3y-2z = 5$ and therefore have same normal vectors $\vec{n} = \langle 1, 3, -2 \rangle$.

Since required plane is passing through the line with parallel vector $\vec{v} = \langle -5, 2, 3 \rangle$, therefore $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}$ should be equal to zero.

But $\vec{n} \cdot \vec{v} = -5 + 6 - 6 = -5 \neq 0$. So there is no plane which is passing through the line of intersection of the planes $x+y-z = 2$, $3x-4y+5z = 6$ and is parallel to the plane $x+3y-2z = 5$.

Q.3: Reduce the equation to standard form and classify the surface, $x^2+y^2-z^2-6x+4y+8z+5 = 0$.

Sol: $x^2 - 6x + y^2 + 4y - z^2 + 8z = -5$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 + y^2 + 4y + 4 - z^2 + 8z - 16 = -5 + 9 + 4 - 16$$

$$(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 - (z-4)^2 = -8 \text{ or } -(x-3)^2 - (y+2)^2 + (z-4)^2 = 8$$

This is hyperboloid of two sheets.

Q.4: Identify the surface whose equation if given by $\rho^2 (-3 \sin^2 \phi \cos(2\theta) + 2 \cos^2 \phi) = 1$.

Sol: $-3\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta) + 2\rho^2 \cos^2 \phi = 1$

$$-3\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \theta + 3\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta + 2\rho^2 \cos^2 \phi = 1$$

$$-3x^2 + 3y^2 + 2z^2 = 1$$

Hyperboloid of one sheet.