

Q.1: Find parametric equations of the line of intersection of the planes $x+y-z = 2$, $3x-4y+5z = 6$.

Sol: Normal to these planes are $\vec{n}_1 = \langle 1, 1, -1 \rangle$ and $\vec{n}_2 = \langle 3, -4, 5 \rangle$. Since $\vec{n}_1 \nparallel \vec{n}_2$, therefore these two planes intersect in a line.

Solving these two equations,

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 4y - 4z = 8 \\ 3x - 4y + 5z = 6 \\ \hline 7x + 0y + z = 14 \end{array}$$

we get $z = 14 - 7x$ and $y = 2 - x + z = 2 - x + 14 - 7x = 16 - 8x$.

Let $x = 1$, then $y = 8$ and $z = 7$. Now let $x = 2$, then $y = 0$ and $z = 0$.

So $(1, 8, 7)$ and $(2, 0, 0)$ are two points on the line of intersection and $\vec{v} = \langle -1, 8, 7 \rangle$ is a vector parallel to the line. Therefore parametric equations of the line are:

$$\begin{array}{ll} x = 1 - t & x = 2 - s \\ y = 8 + 8t \text{ or } y = 0 + 8s & \\ z = 7 + 7t & z = 0 + 7s \end{array}$$

Q.2: Find equation of the plane that passes through the line of intersection of the planes $x+y-z = 2$, $3x-4y+5z = 6$ and is parallel to the plane $2x+y-z = 4$.

Sol: Required plane is parallel to the plane $2x+y-z = 4$ and therefore have same normal vectors $\vec{n} = \langle 2, 1, -1 \rangle$.

Since required plane is passing through the line with parallel vector $\vec{v} = \langle -1, 8, 7 \rangle$, therefore $\vec{v} \cdot \vec{n}$ should be equal to zero.

But $\vec{n} \cdot \vec{v} = -2 + 8 - 7 = -1 \neq 0$. So there is no plane which is passing through the line of intersection of the planes $x+y-z = 2$, $3x-4y+5z = 6$ and is parallel to the plane $2x+y-z = 4$.

Q.3: Reduce the equation to standard form and classify the surface, $x^2 - y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 2y + 4z + 2 = 0$.

Sol: $x^2 - 2x - y^2 + 2y + z^2 + 4z = -2$
 $x^2 - 2x + 1 - y^2 + 2y - 1 + z^2 + 4z + 4 = -2 + 1 - 1 + 4$
 $(x - 1)^2 - (y - 1)^2 + (z + 2)^2 = 2$
 This is hyperboloid of one sheet.

Q.4: Identify the surface whose equation if given by $\rho^2 (2 \sin^2 \phi \cos(2\theta) - 3 \cos^2 \phi) = 1$.

Sol: $2\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi (\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta) - 3\rho^2 \cos^2 \phi = 1$
 $2\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi \cos^2 \theta - 2\rho^2 \sin^2 \phi \sin^2 \theta - 3\rho^2 \cos^2 \phi = 1$
 $2x^2 - 2y^2 - 3z^2 = 1$
 Hyperboloid of two sheets.