

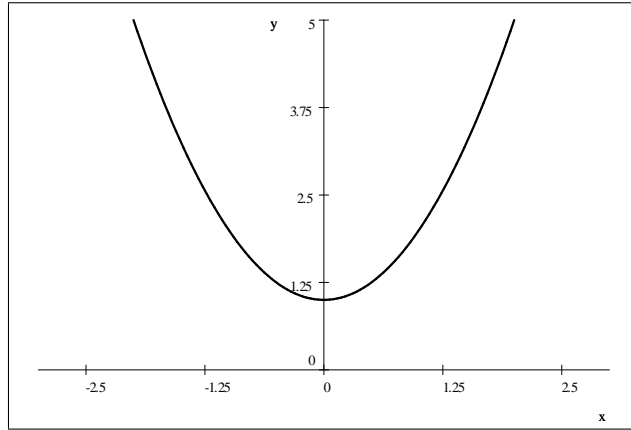
Solution of Math 201 Quiz 1

(A)

Name:.....Serial#:.....Sec #:.....

Q.1: Eliminate the parameter t from the parametric equations $x = \tan(t)$, $y = \sec^2(t)$ to find a cartesian equation and sketch its graph.

Sol: using $1 + \tan^2(t) = \sec^2(t)$, we get $1 + x^2 = 1 + \tan^2(t) = \sec^2(t) = y$.
Graph of $y = x^2 + 1$ is a parabola.



Q.2: Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ for the parametric equations given in Question 1. Also find equation of the tangent line to the curve at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

Sol: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{2 \sec(t) \cdot \sec(t) \tan(t)}{\sec^2(t)} = 2 \tan(t)$, and slope at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$ is $m = 2 \tan(\frac{\pi}{4}) = 2$. At $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$,

$x = \tan(\frac{\pi}{4}) = 1$ and $y = \sec^2(\frac{\pi}{4}) = 2$.

The equation of tangent at $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$ is $(y - 2) = 2(x - 1)$.

Q.3: Sketch the graph of the polar equation $r = 1 + \sin(\theta)$.

θ	r
0	1
$\frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{3}{2}$
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	2
$\frac{5\pi}{6}$	$\frac{3}{2}$
π	1
$\frac{7\pi}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	0
$\frac{11\pi}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
2π	1

