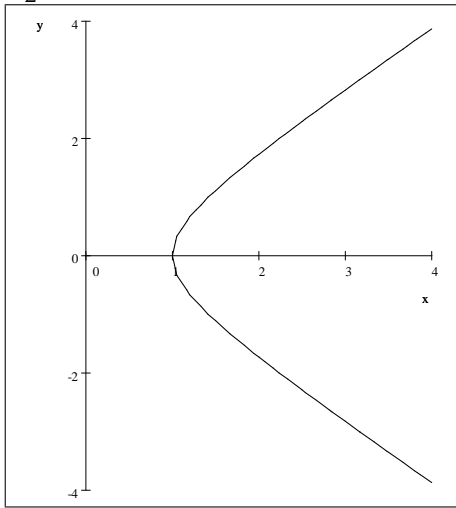


Q.1: Eliminate the parameter t from the parametric equations $x = \sec(t)$, $y = \tan(t)$ to find a cartesian equation. Sketch the graph and mark the direction in which the curve is traced for $-\frac{\pi}{2} < t < \frac{\pi}{2}$.

Sol: $x^2 = \sec^2 t$, $y^2 = \tan^2 t$
 $1 + y^2 = 1 + \tan^2 t = \sec^2 t = x^2$
 $x^2 - y^2 = 1$, a hyperbola.

t	x	y
$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	∞	$-\infty$
0	1	0
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	∞	∞



Q.2: Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ for the parametric equations given in Question 1.

Sol: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{\sec^2 t}{\sec t \tan t} = \frac{\sec t}{\tan t} = \frac{1}{\cos t \sin t} = \csc t$.

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)}{\frac{dx}{dt}} = \frac{\frac{d}{dt} (\csc t)}{\sec t \tan t} = \frac{-\csc t \cot t}{\sec t \tan t} = -\cot^3 t.$$

Q.3: Sketch the graph of the polar equation $r = 3 - 2 \sin(\theta)$.

