

**Q.1:** Solve the linear system

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2x-1}{2} + \frac{2y+1}{3} &= 1 \\ \frac{2x+2}{4} + \frac{3y-1}{3} &= 1\end{aligned}$$

**Sol:**  $6\left(\frac{2x-1}{2} + \frac{2y+1}{3} = 1\right) \Rightarrow 6x - 3 + 4y + 2 = 6 \quad 6x + 4y = 7$   
 $12\left(\frac{2x+2}{4} + \frac{3y-1}{3} = 1\right) \Rightarrow 6x + 6 + 12y - 4 = 12 \quad 6x + 12y = 10$   
 $y = \frac{3}{8}, \text{ and } x = \frac{7 - 4\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)}{6} = \frac{7 - \frac{3}{2}}{6} = \frac{14 - 3}{12} = \frac{11}{12}.$

**Q.2:** Solve the nonlinear system

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 - 5xy - 6y^2 \\ x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 2\end{aligned}$$

**Sol:**  $x^2 - 5xy - 6y^2 = 0 \Rightarrow (x+y)(x-6y) = 0 \Rightarrow x = -y \text{ or } x = 6y.$

If  $x = -y$ , then  $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 2 \Rightarrow y^2 - 2y^2 + y^2 = 0 \text{ NO Solution}$

If  $x = 6y$ , then  $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 = 2 \Rightarrow 36y^2 + 12y^2 + y^2 = 2 \quad 49y^2 = 2 \Rightarrow y = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{7}$

$$x = 6y = \pm \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{7}.$$

Thus the solutions are  $\left(\frac{6\sqrt{3}}{7}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{7}\right)$  and  $\left(-\frac{6\sqrt{3}}{7}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{7}\right).$

**Q.3:** Write the linear system in Augmented Matrix form and solve it by reducing into Echelon form,

$$\begin{aligned}x - y + 3z &= 10 \\ 2x - y + 7z &= 24 \\ 3x - 6y + 7z &= 21\end{aligned}$$

**Sol:**  $\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 3 & 10 \\ 2 & -1 & 7 & 24 \\ 3 & -6 & 7 & 21 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_1 + R_2} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 3 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 3 & -3 & -2 & -9 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{3R_2 + R_3} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 3 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right]$

$$z = 3, \quad y = 1, \quad x = 2.$$

The solution is  $(2, 1, 3)$ .

**Q.4:** If the augmented matrix of a system is  $\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & c^2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 8 & c \end{array} \right]$ , then find value of  $c$  for which the system is inconsistent.

**Sol:**  $\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & c^2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 8 & c \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{-2R_2 + R_3} \left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & c^2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 8 - 2c^2 & c - 2 \end{array} \right]$   
 $8 - 2c^2 = c - 2 \Rightarrow -2(c-2)(c+2) = c-2$

For inconsistant system, left side equal to zero and right side not equal to zero.

Thus  $c = -2$ .