

Name: Solution Sr. # _____ Section # _____

Verify that the following DE is exact and then solve the IVP:

$$\left(\frac{1}{1+y^2} + \cos x - 2xy \right) \frac{dy}{dx} = y(y + \sin x), \quad y(0) = 1.$$

$$\underbrace{(y^2 + y \sin x)}_M dx + \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{1+y^2} - \cos x + 2xy \right)}_N dy = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = 2y + \sin x, \quad \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} = \sin x + 2y$$

$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \Rightarrow \text{Exact}$$

$$f(x, y) = \int (y^2 + y \sin x) dx = xy^2 - y \cos x + g(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2xy - \cos x + g'(y) = N = -\frac{1}{1+y^2} - \cos x + 2xy$$

$$\Rightarrow g'(y) = -\frac{1}{1+y^2}$$

$$g(y) = -\int \frac{1}{1+y^2} dy = -\tan^{-1} y + K$$

$$\therefore f(x, y) = xy^2 - y \cos x - \tan^{-1} y + K$$

$$\text{The solution is } xy^2 - y \cos x - \tan^{-1} y = C$$

$$\text{Now, } y(0) = 1 \Rightarrow -1 - \frac{\pi}{4} = C \Rightarrow C = -\frac{\pi+4}{4}$$

$$\therefore \text{The solution is } xy^2 - y \cos x - \tan^{-1} y = -\frac{\pi+4}{4}$$