- 1. Consider the following DE:  $2y'' + 5y' 3y = 2e^x + 5x$ 
  - (a) Write the associated homogeneous equation for this equation.

(b) Write the characteristic equation of the equation in (a).

$$2\lambda^{2} + 5\lambda - 3 = 0$$

(c) Find the general solution of the equation in (a).

$$2\lambda^2 + 5\lambda - 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25+24}}{4} = \frac{-5 \pm 7}{4} = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, -3 \right\}$$

The general solution is

2. Solve the DE: y'' - 6y' + 13y = 0

$$\frac{2}{3} - 62 + 13 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36-52}}{2} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{-16}}{2} = 3 \pm 2i$$

i. The Solution is