

Name: Solution Section # \_\_\_\_\_ Serial # \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the following DE by using two different methods (one is by reducing it to a DE with constant coefficients)

$$x^2 y'' + 3xy' + y = 0$$

[This is Cauchy-Euler eqn]

Method 1:

Put  $y = x^m \Rightarrow \dot{y} = m x^{m-1}, \ddot{y} = m(m-1) x^{m-2}$

Substitute  $\Rightarrow x^2 m(m-1) x^{m-2} + 3x m x^{m-1} + x^m = 0$

$$m(m-1)x^m + 3mx^m + x^m = 0$$

$$[m(m-1) + 3m + 1]x^m = 0 \Rightarrow m^2 + 2m + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = -1, -1$$

 $\therefore$  the solution is

$$y = C_1 x^{-1} + C_2 x^{-1} \ln x$$

Method 2: put  $x = e^t$ . then  $t = \ln x$  and

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt} \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{1}{x} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = \dots = \frac{1}{x^2} \left[ \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - \frac{dy}{dt} \right]$$

← See your notes →

Substitute  $\Rightarrow x^2 \left\{ \frac{1}{x^2} \left( \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - \frac{dy}{dt} \right) \right\} + 3x \left\{ \frac{1}{x} \frac{dy}{dt} \right\} + y = 0$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - \frac{dy}{dt} + 3 \frac{dy}{dt} + y = 0 \Rightarrow \ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + y = 0, \text{ where } \dot{y} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = -1, -1 \Rightarrow y = C_1 e^{-t} + C_2 t e^{-t}$$

But  $x = e^t \Rightarrow$  the solution is

$$y = C_1 x^{-1} + C_2 x^{-1} \ln x$$