

Name:	I.D.		
-------	------	--	--

1. Find the absolute extrema for the function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 12x + 1$ in $[-2, 3]$

$$f'(x) = 6[x^2 - x - 2] = 6(x+1)(x-2) \quad \text{critical points } -1, 2$$

$$f(-1) = 8 \quad f(2) = -19 \quad f(-2) = -3 \quad \text{end points } -2, 3$$

$$f(3) = -8$$

$x = 2$ is Abs. min

$x = -1$ is Abs. max.

2. Let $f(x) = |2 - x|$ show that there is no c such that $\frac{f(3) - f(1)}{3 - 1} = f'(c)$,

explain why this does not contradict the Mean Value Th.

$$f'(x) = -1 \text{ if } x > 2 \quad f'(x) = 1 \text{ if } x < 2 \quad \text{but } \frac{f(3) - f(1)}{3 - 1} = \frac{1 - 1}{2} = 0$$

No neither -1 nor $1 = 0$ hence there is no c satisfy the above relation, Does not contradict MVT since $f(x)$ Not diff at $x = 2$. (corner)

3. A closed rectangular box with a square base is to have a volume $20,000 \text{ cm}^3$. The material for the bottom of the box will cost 8 S. R. per cm^2 , and the material for the sides and the top of the box will cost 2 S. R. per cm^2 . Find the dimensions that will minimize the cost of the material.

Area of the bottom $A_1 = r^2$

Area of the top and sides $A_2 = r^2 + 4rh$

$$V = 20,000 = r^2 h \quad h = \frac{20,000}{r^2}$$



$[0, 450]$

So the cost function

$$f(r) = 2[r^2 + 4rh] + 8[r^2] = 10r^2 + r \frac{160,000}{r^2}$$

$$f'(r) = 20r - \frac{160,000}{r^2} = 0 \Rightarrow 20r^3 = 160,000 \Rightarrow \boxed{r = 20} \quad \boxed{h = 50}$$

dimensions

4. A rock thrown downward with an unknown initial velocity from a height of 1000 ft reaches the ground in 4s, find the velocity of the rock when it hits the ground.

gravity -32

$$s(t) = s_0 + v_0 t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$0 = 1000 + v_0(4) + \frac{1}{2} 32(16)$$

$$v_0 = -314 \text{ ft/sec.}$$