

REVIEW EXERCISES

(1) Evaluate $\mathcal{L}[5 \cos \pi t]$

(2) Evaluate $\mathcal{L}[f(t)]$ where $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 < t < 2 \\ 0 & t \geq 2 \end{cases}$

(3) Evaluate $\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{10}{s^2 - 25}\right]$

(4) Evaluate $\mathcal{L}^{-1}[e^{3t} t^2]$, $\mathcal{L}^{-1}[e^{-3t} \cos 5t]$

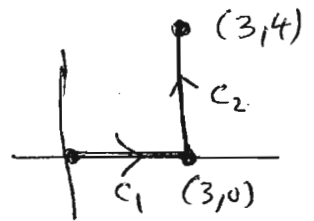
(1) Compute $\nabla f(x, y)$, $D_u f(x, y)$

for $f(x, y) = 5y^2 + x^2 y$, $u = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$

(2) If $F = (x^3 y^2 + z^4) i + 4x^2 y^3 z j + y^2 z^3 k$

find $\text{curl } F$ and $\text{div } F$.

(3) Evaluate $\oint_C y dx + x dy$ on the curve C



(4) Write statements equivalent to the following statement
" $\int_C P dx + Q dy$ is independent of the path C "

(5) Use Green's Theorem or Stokes' Theorem or Divergence Theorem to evaluate:

(a) $\oint_C (x^2 y) dx + \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 + x\right) dy$ where C is the unit circle

(b) $\oint_C z dx - x dy + y dz$, where C is the trace of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ in the plane $z = 4$.

(c) $\iint_S (F \cdot n) dS$ where $F = x i + 2y j + z^2 k$; D the region bounded by the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$.

(1) Expand in a Fourier Series $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\pi < x < 0 \\ -x & 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$

(2) Expand in a cosine series $f(x) = 1, -1 < x < 1$

(3) what is Gibbs phenomenon.

(4) classify the following equations

(a) $\Delta u + u^2 = 0$

~~(b) $u \cdot \nabla u = 0$~~

(b) $3 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ (c) $5 \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$

(d) $2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} + u = 0$
