

(Selected H W Problems)

(4.7)

10) $4x^2 y'' + 4x y' - y = 0$

 $y = x^m$ will lead to auxiliary eqn

$$4m(m-1) + 4m - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4m^2 - 4m + 4m - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4m^2 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = C_1 x^{-1/2} + C_2 x^{1/2}$$

Thus we re-write equation as

$$y'' - \frac{4}{x} y' = x^3 \quad (\text{divide by coeff of } y'')$$

Now we find $f(x) = x^3$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x^5 \\ 0 & 5x^4 \end{vmatrix} = 5x^4$$

$$W_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & x^5 \\ x^3 & 5x^4 \end{vmatrix} = -x^8$$

$$W_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & x^3 \end{vmatrix} = x^3$$

$$u_1' = \frac{W_1}{W} = \frac{-x^8}{5x^4} = -\frac{1}{5} x^4$$

$$u_1 = -\frac{1}{5(5)} x^5 = -\frac{1}{25} x^5$$

$$u_2' = \frac{W_2}{W} = \frac{x^3}{5x^4} = \frac{1}{5x}$$

$$u_2 = \frac{1}{5} \ln x = \dots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Thus } y_p &= u_1 y_1 + u_2 y_2 \\ &= -\frac{1}{25} x^5 (1) + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \ln x \end{aligned}$$

already in y_c

$$y = y_c + y_p = C_1 + C_2 x^5 + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \ln x$$

39) $(x+2)^2 y'' + (x+2) y' + y = 0$

$$\text{We can put } x+2 = t, \quad \frac{dt}{dx} = 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt} \frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2}$$

So DE \Rightarrow

$$t^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} + t \frac{dy}{dt} + y = 0$$

which can now be solved.

16) $x^3 y''' + x y' - y = 0$

 $y = x^m$ will lead to auxiliary eqn

$$m(m-1)(m-2) + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$m^3 - 3m^2 + 2m + m - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m^3 - 3m^2 + 3m - 1 = 0$$

 $m=1$ is a root. Use long division by $m-1$ to obtain

$$(m-1)(m^2 - 2m + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (m-1)(m-1)(m-1) = 0$$

$$m = 1, 1, 1 \quad (\text{repeated})$$

$$y = C_1 x + C_2 x \ln x + C_3 x (\ln x)^2$$

19) $x y'' - 4 y' = x^4 \Rightarrow x^2 y'' - 4 x y' = x^5$

Step 1 Homogeneous D.E

$$x^2 y'' - 4 x y' = 0$$

 $y = x^m$ leads to $m(m-1) - 4m = 0$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 - 5m = 0 \Rightarrow m(m-5) = 0$$

$$m = 0, 5$$

$$y_1 = 1, y_2 = x^5$$

$$y_c = C_1 + C_2 x^5$$

Step 2 To apply variation of parameter method, we must first put equation in form $y'' + P(x) y' + Q(x) y = f(x)$