

King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals
 Department of Mathematical Sciences
 MATH - 260 Semester 082 **Quiz - 1**

Name: _____ ID# _____ Section# _____

Problem 1. Solve the initial value problem

$$2\sqrt{x} \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos^2 y, \quad y(4) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{dy}{\cos^2 y} = \frac{dx}{2\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \tan y = \sqrt{x} + C$$

$$x=4, y=\frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow 1 = 2 + C \Rightarrow C = -1$$

$$\tan y = \sqrt{x} - 1 \Rightarrow y(x) = \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{x} - 1)$$

Problem 2. A meat roast, initially at $50^\circ F$, is placed in a $375^\circ F$ at 5:00 pm. After 75 minutes it is found that the temperature $T(t)$ of the roast is $125^\circ F$. When will the roast be $150^\circ F$? Let $T(t)$ be the temperature of the roast at time t .

By Newton's Law

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = +k(375 - T) \quad k > 0$$

$$\int \frac{dT}{375 - T} = \int k dt \Rightarrow -\ln(375 - T) = kt + C$$

$$\Rightarrow T(t) = 375 + A e^{-kt} \quad T(0) = 50$$

$$\Rightarrow A = -325 \text{ and } T(t) = 375 - 325 e^{-kt}$$

$$T(75) = 125 \Rightarrow k = -\frac{1}{75} \ln\left(\frac{250}{325}\right) \approx 0.0035$$

Now we need to find t such that

$$T(t) = 150 \Rightarrow 150 = 375 - 325 e^{-0.0035t} \Rightarrow$$

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Problem 1. Solve the initial value problem

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x^2y, \quad y(1) = 1$$

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} = 2x^2y + y \Leftrightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{2x^2 + 1}{x} \right) y \quad (\text{separable})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{y} = \left(2x + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx \Rightarrow \ln|y| = x^2 + \ln|x| + C$$

$$\Rightarrow y = A e^{x^2 + \ln|x|} \quad y(1) = 1 \Rightarrow 1 = A e^1 \Rightarrow A = e^{-1}$$

Particular solution is $y(x) = e^{-1} e^{x^2 + \ln|x|} = e^{x^2 + \ln|x| - 1}$

Problem 2. A Pitcher of buttermilk initially at 25°C is to be cooled in freezer where the temperature is 0°C . Suppose that the temperature of the buttermilk has dropped to 15°C after 20 minutes. When will it be at 5°C ?

Let T be the temperature of the Pitcher at time t .

According to Newton's Law

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -k(T - 0) \quad (k > 0) \quad \ominus$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = -kT \Leftrightarrow \frac{dT}{T} = -k dt \Rightarrow \ln|T| = -kt + C$$

$$\Rightarrow T = A e^{-kt} \quad T(0) = 25 \Rightarrow A = 25 \text{ and}$$

$$T(t) = 25 e^{-kt} \quad T(20) = 15 \Leftrightarrow 25 e^{-20k} = 15$$

$$\Leftrightarrow e^{-20k} = \frac{15}{25} = \frac{3}{5} \Rightarrow -20k = \ln \frac{3}{5} \quad \&$$

$$k = -\frac{1}{20} \ln \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) \quad T(t) = 25 e^{-\frac{1}{20} \ln(3/5) t}$$

Now we need to find t such that $T(t) = 5$. i.e.

$$5 = 25 e^{-\frac{1}{20} \ln(3/5) t} \Rightarrow e^{-\frac{1}{20} \ln(3/5) t} = \frac{1}{5}$$