

Question 1: A transmission line has a characteristic impedance of 300Ω and is terminated in a load of $300-j300 \Omega$. The propagation constant of the line is $0.054+j3.53$ per meter. Using the given equations to calculate the following parameters;

- (a) The Reflection coefficient at the load
(Answer: $0.446 \angle -63.43^\circ$)
- (b) The Transmission coefficient at the load
(Answer: $1.26 \angle -18.43^\circ$)
- (c) The Reflection coefficient at a point 2m away from the load
(Answer: $0.36 \angle -152.15^\circ$)

Question 2: Verify the answers using solutions obtained from Smith Chart.

Question 3: A coaxial line with a polyethylene dielectric ($\epsilon_r=2.25$) is to be used at a frequency of 3 Ghz and is terminated in a load of 50Ω . Assume its characteristics impedance is 50Ω , attenuation constant is 0.0156 Np/m and phase velocity is 2×10^8 m/s. If the generator with open-circuit voltage of 50 v (rms) and internal impedance of 50Ω is used to supply a 3 GHz signal to the coaxial line, then find the following;

- (a) The Magnitude of sending-end and receiving-end (load) voltages
(Answer: 25 v (rms) & 5.25 v (rms))
- (b) The sending-end power and receiving-end power
(Answer: 12.5 watt and 0.55 watt)
- (c) The Wavelength within the coaxial cable
(Answer: 66 mm)

Question 4: A lossless transmission line (TL_1) has a characteristic impedance of 300Ω and is operated at a frequency of 10 GHz . After a resistive load R_L is used to terminate the line the observed standing-wave ratio is found to be 5.0 . It is proposed to use a “segment of same transmission line (TL_T)” with $Z_{0m}=50 \Omega$ and a short-circuited stub with $Z_{0s}=50 \Omega$ to match the load with the transmission line (TL_1). Determine;

(a) Draw the figure

(b) The value of the load R_L

(Answer: 518.18Ω)

(c) The length of the Transmission line segment (TL_T)

(Answer: 0.552 cm or 0.948 cm)

(c) The length of the S/C Stub (TL_T)

(Answer: 0.24 cm or 1.26 cm)