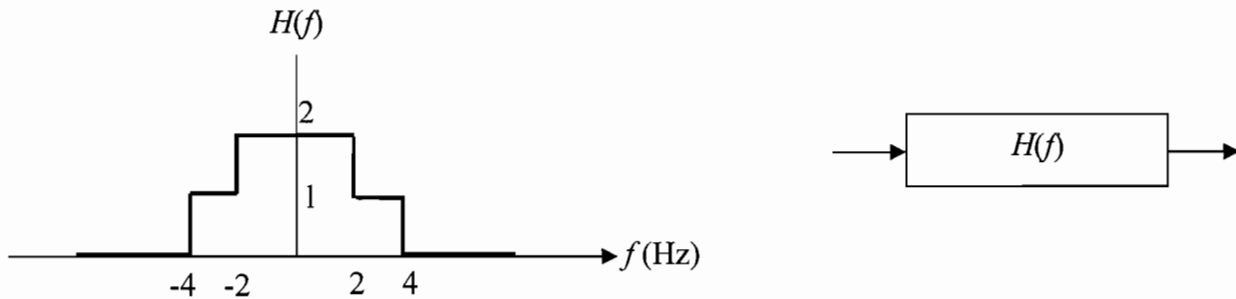


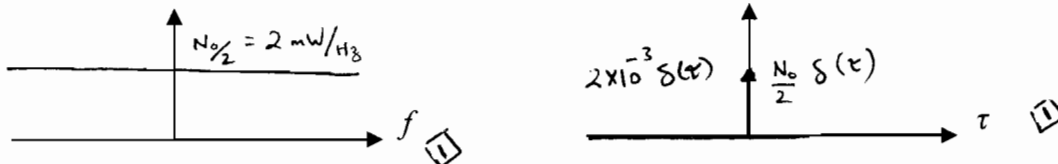
Quiz 1

Name: KEY

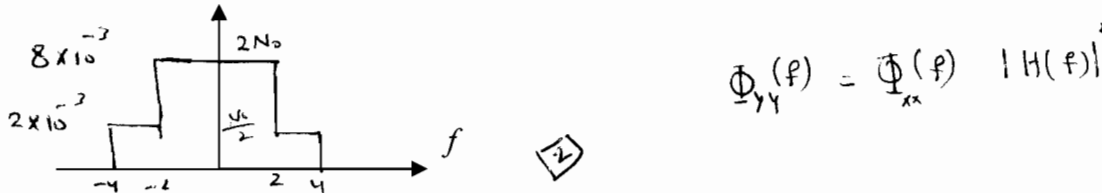
A white Gaussian noise $w(t)$ with zero mean and $N_0 = 4E-3$ Watts/Hz is applied to the input of a linear time invariant system. The transfer function of the filter is shown in the Figure:



a) Sketch the power spectral density and the autocorrelation for the input white noise.



b) Sketch the power spectral density of the filtered noise?



c) Calculate the output noise power.

① Average power = area of $\Phi_{yy}(f) = 2N_0(2) + \frac{N_0}{2}(2+2) = 8N_0 + 2N_0 = 40 \text{ mWatts}$.

d) Find and the autocorrelation of the filtered noise. Hint: $2W \text{ sinc}(2Wt) \Leftrightarrow \Pi\left(\frac{f}{2W}\right)$

② $\Phi_{yy}(f) = \frac{N_0}{2} \Pi\left(\frac{f}{8}\right) + \frac{3}{2} N_0 \Pi\left(\frac{f}{4}\right)$

$\phi_{yy}(\tau) = \frac{N_0}{2} (8) \text{ sinc}(8\tau) + \frac{3N_0}{2} (4) \text{ sinc}(4\tau)$
 $= 4N_0 \text{ sinc}(8\tau) + 6N_0 \text{ sinc}(4\tau) = 16 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sinc}(8\tau) + 24 \times 10^{-3} \text{ sinc}(4\tau)$

e) Do you think the output noise will be correlated or uncorrelated? State why?

① Yes in general samples will be correlated, except at certain points because the auto correlation function is not delta any more.

f) If the input signal is sinusoidal wave corrupted with noise: $5 \cos(\pi t) + w(t)$, What would be the signal to noise power ratio at the output.

② output will be $10 \cos(\pi t) + n(t)$
 \uparrow power = $\frac{10^2}{2} = 50$

$\text{SNR} = \frac{50}{40 \text{ m}} = 1.25 \text{ K} = 1250$