

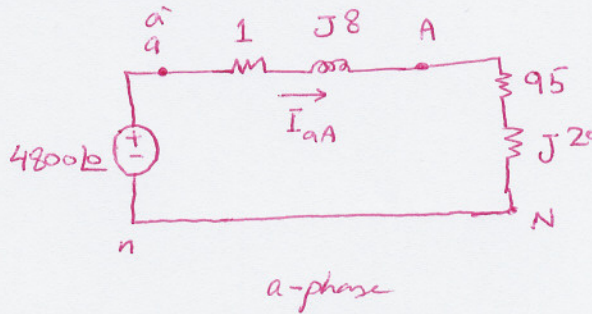
Name: **KEY**

ID#

Sec. 02

The magnitude of the phase voltage of an ideal balanced three-phase Y-connected source is 4800 V. The source is connected to a balanced Y-connected load by a distribution line that has an impedance of  $1+j8 \Omega/\emptyset$ . The load impedance is  $95+j20 \Omega/\emptyset$ . The phase sequence of the source is positive. Use the a-phase voltage source as the reference.

- a) Draw the single-phase equivalent circuit. (show details)



- b) Find the magnitude and phase of the three line currents.

$$I_{aA} = \frac{4800 \angle 0^\circ}{96 + j28} = \frac{4800 \angle 0^\circ}{100 \angle 16.26^\circ} = 48.0 \angle -16.26^\circ \text{ A}$$

Because of the negative sequence

$$I_{bB} = 48.0 \angle -136.26^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$I_{cC} = 48.0 \angle 103.74^\circ \text{ A}$$

- c) Find the magnitude and phase of the three line voltages at the source.

$$V_{an} = 4800 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}, \quad V_{bn} = 4800 \angle -120^\circ \text{ V}, \quad V_{cn} = 4800 \angle 120^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$V_{ab} = \sqrt{3} \angle 30^\circ \text{ V}_{an} = 8313.84 \angle 30^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$V_{bc} = 8313.84 \angle -90^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$V_{ca} = 8313.84 \angle 150^\circ \text{ V}$$