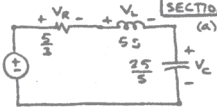


SECTION 10.4

10.40

$$V_1 = 20 \angle 0^\circ$$

$$s = -6 + j3$$



$$(a) V_R = \frac{5s}{s/3 + 5s + 25/s} V_1$$

$$V_R = \frac{5s V_1}{5s + 15s^2 + 75}$$

$$V_R = \frac{5(-6+j3)(20)}{5(-6+j3) + 15(-6+j3)^2 + 75} = \frac{-600 + j300}{-30 + j15 + 15(36 - j36 - 9) + 75}$$

$$= \frac{-300(2-j)}{-30 + j15 + 405 - j540 + 75} = \frac{-300(2-j)}{450 - j525} = \frac{-20(2-j)}{30 - j35} = \frac{-20(2-j)}{5(6-j7)}$$

$$= \frac{(4 \angle 180^\circ)(\sqrt{5} \angle -26.565^\circ)}{\sqrt{65} \angle -49.4^\circ} = 0.97 \angle -157.17^\circ$$

$$\therefore v_R(t) = 0.97 e^{-6t} \cos(3t - 157.17^\circ) \text{ V}$$

$$(b) V_L = \frac{5s V_1}{s/3 + 5s + 25/s} = \frac{15s^2 V_1}{5s + 15s^2 + 75}$$

$$= \frac{15(-6+j3)^2 (20)}{5(-6+j3) + 15(-6+j3)^2 + 75} = \frac{300(36 - j36 - 9)}{450 - j525} = \frac{300(27 - j36)}{75(6-j7)} = \frac{4(3-j4)}{(6-j7)}$$

$$= \frac{36(5 \angle 53.13^\circ)}{\sqrt{65} \angle -49.4^\circ} = 19.52 \angle -3.73^\circ$$

$$\therefore v_L(t) = 19.52 e^{-6t} \cos(3t - 3.73^\circ) \text{ V}$$

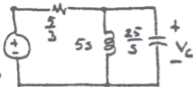
$$(c) V_C = \frac{25/s V_1}{s/3 + 5s + 25/s} = \frac{75 V_1}{5s + 15s^2 + 75} = \frac{75(20)}{75(6-j7)} = \frac{20}{\sqrt{65} \angle -49.4^\circ}$$

$$V_C = 2.17 \angle 49.4^\circ \quad \therefore v_C(t) = 2.17 e^{-6t} \cos(3t + 49.4^\circ) \text{ V}$$

10.42

$$V_1 = 20 \angle 0^\circ$$

$$s = -6 + j3$$



By KCL,

$$\frac{V_c - V_1}{5/3} + \frac{V_c}{5s} + \frac{V_c}{25/s} = 0$$

$$\frac{3V_c - 3V_1}{5} + \frac{V_c}{5s} + \frac{5V_c}{25} = 0$$

$$15sV_c - 15sV_1 + 5V_c + 5^2V_c = 0$$

$$(s^2 + 15s + 5)V_c = 15sV_1$$

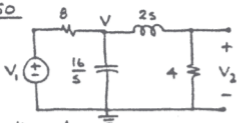
$$V_c = \frac{15sV_1}{s^2 + 15s + 5}$$

$$V_c = \frac{15(-6 + j3)(20)}{(-6 + j3)^2 + 15(-6 + j3) + 5} = \frac{-900(2 - j)}{36 - j36 - 9 - 90 + j45 + 5} = \frac{-900(2 - j)}{-58 + j9}$$

$$= \frac{-900(2 - j)}{-1(58 - j9)} = \frac{900(\sqrt{5} \angle -26.565^\circ)}{\sqrt{3445} \angle -8.82^\circ} = 34.29 \angle -17.745^\circ$$

$$\therefore v_c(t) = \underline{\underline{34.29e^{-6t} \cos(3t - 17.745^\circ) \text{ V}}}$$

10.50



By voltage division,

$$V_2 = \frac{4}{2s+4} V \Rightarrow V = \frac{2s+4}{4} V_2 \Rightarrow (s^2+2s+8)\left(\frac{2s+4}{4} V_2\right) - 8V_2 = 2sV_1$$

$$2sV - 2sV_1 + s^2V + 8V - 8V_2 = 0$$

$$(s^2+2s+8)V - 8V_2 = 2sV_1$$

$$(s^2+2s+8)(s+2)V_2 - 16V_2 = 4sV_1$$

$$(s^3+2s^2+8s+2s^2+4s+16-16)V_2 = 4sV_1$$

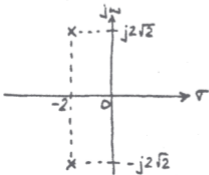
$$(s^3+4s^2+12s)V_2 = 4sV_1$$

$$(s^2+4s+12)V_2 = 4V_1$$

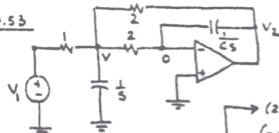
$$\therefore H(s) = \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{4}{s^2+4s+12}$$

$$s = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-48}}{2} = -2 \pm \sqrt{\frac{-32}{4}} = -2 \pm \sqrt{-8} = -2 \pm j2\sqrt{2}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{4}{(s+2+j2\sqrt{2})(s+2-j2\sqrt{2})}$$



10.53



By KCL at inverting input,

$$\frac{V_2}{1/Cs} + \frac{V}{2} = 0$$

$$-2Cs V_2 = V$$

By KCL at node V,

$$\frac{V-V_1}{1} + \frac{V}{1/3} + \frac{V}{2} + \frac{V-V_2}{2} = 0$$

$$2V - 2V_1 + 3V + V + V - V_2 = 0$$

$$(2s+4)V - V_2 = 2V_1$$

$$(2s+4)(-2Cs V_2) - V_2 = 2V_1$$

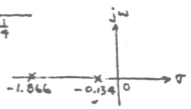
$$(-4Cs^2 - 8Cs - 1)V_2 = 2V_1$$

$$\therefore H(s) = \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{-2}{4Cs^2 + 8Cs + 1}$$

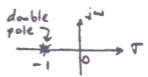
(a) $C = 1F \Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{-2}{4s^2 + 8s + 1} = \frac{-1/2}{s^2 + 2s + 1/4}$

$$s = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-1}}{2} = -1 \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = -1 \pm 0.866$$

$$H(s) = \frac{-1/2}{(s+0.134)(s+1.866)}$$



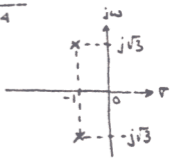
(b) $C = 1/4 F \Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{-2}{s^2 + 2s + 1} = \frac{-2}{(s+1)^2}$



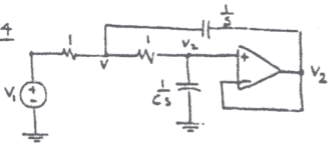
(c) $C = 1/16 F \Rightarrow H(s) = \frac{-2}{\frac{1}{4}s^2 + \frac{1}{2}s + 1} = \frac{-8}{s^2 + 2s + 4}$

$$s = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-16}}{2} = -1 \pm j\sqrt{3}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{-8}{(s+1+j\sqrt{3})(s+1-j\sqrt{3})}$$



10.54



At node V_2

$$\frac{V-V_1}{1} + \frac{V-V_2}{1} + \frac{V-V_2}{1/s} = 0$$

$$V-V_1 + V-V_2 + sV - sV_2 = 0$$

$$(s+2)V - V_1 - (s+1)V_2 = 0 \Rightarrow (s+2)(Cs+1)V_2 - (s+1)V_2 = V_1$$

$$(Cs^2 + 2Cs + s + 2 - s - 1)V_2 = V_1$$

$$\therefore H(s) = \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{1}{Cs^2 + 2Cs + 1} = \frac{1/C}{s^2 + 2s + 1/C}$$

By voltage division,

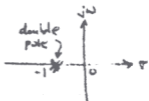
$$V_2 = \frac{1/s}{1/s + 1} V = \frac{1}{1 + Cs} V$$

$$V = (1 + Cs)V_2$$

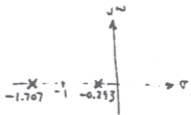
(a) $C = \frac{1}{2} F \Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{2}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$
 $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-4}}{2} = -1 \pm j$
 $= \frac{2}{(s+1-j)(s+1+j)}$



(b) $C = 1 F \Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 1}$
 $= \frac{1}{(s+1)^2}$



(c) $C = 2 F \Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{1/2}{s^2 + 2s + 1/2}$
 $\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-2}}{2} = -1 \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



-1 ± 0.707 $\rightarrow -0.293, -1.707$