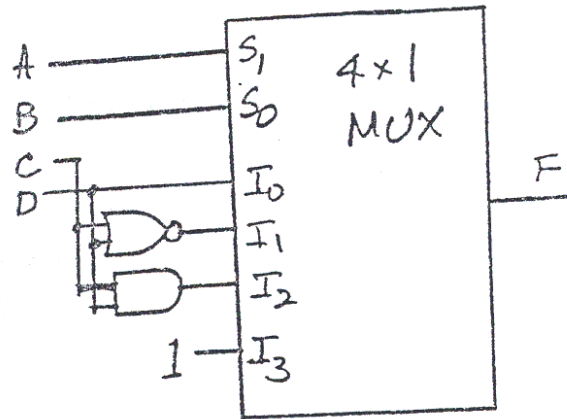


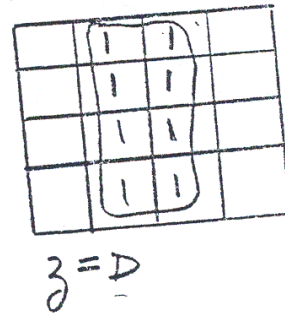
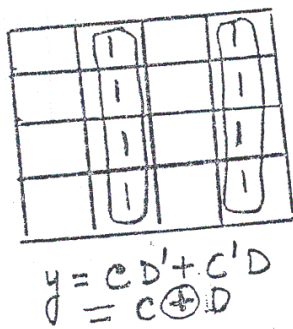
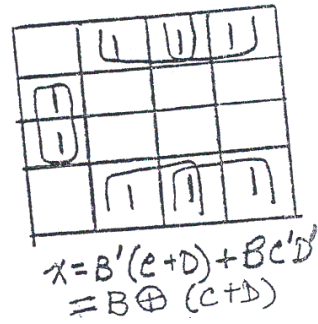
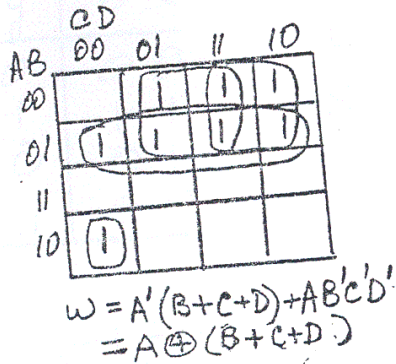
ABCD	F	
0000	0	AB=00
0001	1	F=D
0010	0	
0011	1	
0100	1	AB=01
0101	0	F=C'D'
0110	0	=(C+D)'
0111	0	
1000	0	AB=10
1001	0	F=CD
1010	0	
1011	1	
1100	1	AB=11
1101	1	
1110	1	F=1
1111	1	



* Similar to pb. 1

-10

Inputs ABCD	Outputs WXYZ
0000	0000
0001	1111
0010	1110
0011	1101
0100	1100
0101	1011
0110	1010
0111	1001
1000	1000
1001	0111
1010	0110
1011	0101
1100	0100
1101	0011
1110	0010
1111	0001



For 5-bit 2's complementer with input E and output v

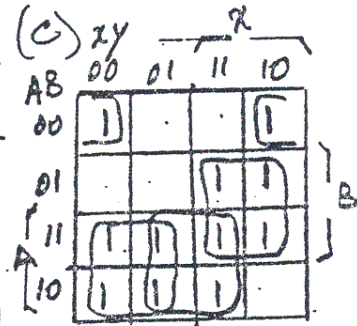
$$v = E \oplus (A+B+C+D)$$

0 $JA = Bx + B'y'$
 $KA = B'xy'$

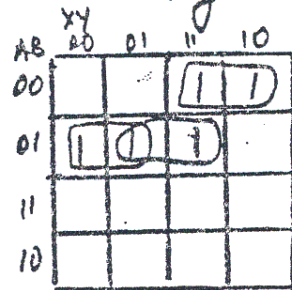
$JB = A'x$
 $KB = A + xy'$

$z = Axy + Bx'y'$

Present state	Inputs	Next state	output	FF inputs	
AB	xy	AB	z	JAKA	JBKB
00	00	10	0	10	00
00	01	00	0	00	00
00	10	11	0	11	11
00	11	01	0	00	10
01	00	01	1	00	00
01	01	01	0	00	00
01	10	10	0	10	11
01	11	11	0	10	10
10	00	10	0	10	01
10	01	10	0	00	01
10	10	00	0	11	01
10	11	10	1	00	01
11	00	10	1	00	01
11	01	10	0	00	01
11	10	10	0	10	01
11	11	10	1	10	01



$A(t+1) = Ax' + Bx + Ay + A'B'y'$



$B(t+1) = A'B'x + A'B(x'+y)$



* Notice: This similar to pb. 3

-19 (a)

Present state	Input	Next state	output
ABC	x	ABC	y
000	0	011	0
000	1	100	1
001	0	001	0
001	1	100	1
010	0	010	0
010	1	000	1
011	0	001	0
011	1	010	1
100	0	010	0
100	1	011	0

$$d(A, B, C, x) = \Sigma(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$$

AB	Cx	01	11	10
00	01	1	1	
01				
11		x	x	x
10			x	x

$$DA = A'B'x$$

AB	Cx	01	11	10
00	01	1		
01		1		
11		x	x	x
10		1	1	x

$$DB = A + C'x + BCx$$

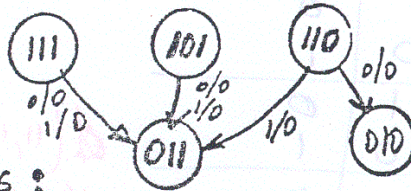
1			1
			1
x	x	x	x
	1	x	x

$$DC = Cx' + Ax + A'B'x'$$

	1	1	
	1	1	
x	x	x	x
		x	x

$$y = A'x$$

self-correcting



(b) Use JK flip flops: same state table as in part (a).

Flip-flop inputs					
JA	KA	JB	KB	JC	KC
0	x	1	x	1	x
1	x	0	x	0	x
0	x	0	x	x	0
1	x	0	x	x	1
0	x	x	0	0	x
0	x	x	1	0	x
0	x	x	1	x	0
0	x	x	0	x	1
x	1	1	x	0	x
x	1	1	x	1	x

$$\begin{aligned}
 JA &= B'x & KA &= 1 \\
 JB &= A + C'x' & KB &= C'x + Cx' \\
 JC &= Ax + A'B'x' & KC &= x \\
 y &= A'x
 \end{aligned}$$

Self-correcting because KA = 1

5-20

From state table Table 5-4

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_A(A, B, x) &= \Sigma(2, 3, 6) \\
 T_B(A, B, x) &= \Sigma(0, 3, 4, 6)
 \end{aligned}$$

	B	
A	1	1
		1

$$T_A = A'B + Bx'$$

	B	
A	1	1
	1	1

$$T_B = B'x' + Ax' + A'Bx$$