

**King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals**  
**Electrical Engineering Department**

**EE570 Stochastic Processes**  
**Assignment III**

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November 25, 2007

Due Date: December 2, 2007

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**Question 1**

Show that the mean and variance of the Weibull random variable are

$$E(T) = \alpha^{-1/\beta} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{\beta}\right)$$
$$\text{VAR}[T] = \alpha^{-2/\beta} \left\{ \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{\beta}\right) - \left[ \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{\beta}\right) \right]^2 \right\} \quad (1)$$

The Weibull distribution is given by

$$f_T(t) = \alpha \beta t^{\beta-1} e^{-\alpha t^\beta} \quad (2)$$

**Question 2**

The number  $\mathbf{x}$  of electrons counted by a receiver in an optical communication system is Poisson random variable with rate  $\lambda_1$  when a signal is present and with rate  $\lambda_0 < \lambda_1$  when the signal is absent. Suppose that a signal is present with probability  $p$ .

(a) Find  $P[\text{signal present}|\mathbf{x}=k]$  and  $P[\text{signal absent}|\mathbf{x}=k]$ .

(b) The receiver uses the following decision rule:

If  $P[\text{signal present}|\mathbf{x}=k] > P[\text{signal absent}|\mathbf{x}=k]$ , decide signal present; otherwise, decide signal is absent.

Show that this decision rule leads to the following threshold rule:

If  $\mathbf{x} > T$ , decide signal present; otherwise decide signal absent.

(c) What is the probability of error for the above decision rule?

**Question 3**

Let  $\mathbf{x}$  be the input to a communication channel.  $\mathbf{x}$  takes on the values  $\pm 1$  with equal probability. Suppose that the output of the channel is  $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{N}$ , where  $\mathbf{N}$  is a Laplacian random variable with pdf

$$f_N(z) = \frac{1}{2} \alpha e^{-\alpha|z|} \quad -\infty \leq z \leq \infty \quad (3)$$

(a) Find  $P[\mathbf{x} = k, \mathbf{y} \leq y]$  for  $k = \pm 1$ .

(b) Find the marginal pdf of  $\mathbf{y}$ .

(c) Suppose we are given that  $\mathbf{y} > 0$ . Which is more likely,  $\mathbf{x} = 1$  or  $\mathbf{x} = -1$ ?

**Question 4**

A message requires  $N$  time units to be transmitted, where  $N$  is a geometric random variable with pmf  $p_j = (1-a)a^{j-1}$ ,  $j = 1, 2, \dots$ . A single new message arrives during a time unit with proba-

bility  $p$ , and no message arrive with probability  $1-p$ . Let  $K$  be the number of new messages that arrive during the transmission of a single message.

(a) Find the pmf of  $K$ .

$$\text{Hint: } (1 - \beta)^{-(k+1)} = \sum_{n=k}^{\infty} \binom{n}{k} \beta^{n-k}$$

(b) Find  $E[K]$  and  $\text{VAR}[K]$  using conditional expectation.

### Question 5

The lifetime  $\mathbf{x}$  of a device is an exponential random variable with mean  $1/\mathbf{R}$ . Suppose that due to irregularities in the production process, the parameter  $\mathbf{R}$  is random and has gamma distribution.

(a) Find joint probability density function of  $\mathbf{x}$  and  $\mathbf{R}$

(b) Find probability density function of  $\mathbf{x}$ .

(c) Find the mean and the variance of  $\mathbf{x}$ .