Experiment (1)

ELECTRIC FIELD AND POTENTIAL INSIDE THE PARALLEL PLATE CAPACITOR

OBJECTIVE

To verify the relationship between the voltage, the electric field and the spacing of a parallel plate capacitor.

EQUIPMENT

- 1. Capacitor plate (two).
- 2. Electric field meter (1 KV/m = 1mA).
- 3. Power supply DC 12V and 250V (variable).
- 4. Multi-meters (two).
- 5. Plastic ruler (100 *cm*).
- 6. Plastic and wooden sheets.

INTRODUCTION

Assume one of the capacitor plates is placed in the y-z plane while the other is parallel to it at distance d as shown in Figure 1. The effect of the boundary disturbance due to the finite extent of the plates is negligible. In this case, the electric field intensity $\overline{\mathbf{E}}$ is uniform and directed in x-direction. Since the field is irrotational ($\overline{E} = -\overline{\nabla}V = \overline{0}$), it can be represented as the gradient of a scalar field V

which can be expressed as the quotient of differences

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$\overline{E} = -\frac{V_1 - V_o}{E} = -\frac{V_A}{E}$	
$-x_1 - x_o d$	(=)

where V_A is the applied voltage and *d* is the distance between the plates. The potential of a point at position *x* in the space between the plates is obtained by integrating the following equation

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = \frac{V_A}{d} \tag{3}$$

to give

$$V(x) = \frac{V_A}{d}x \tag{4}$$

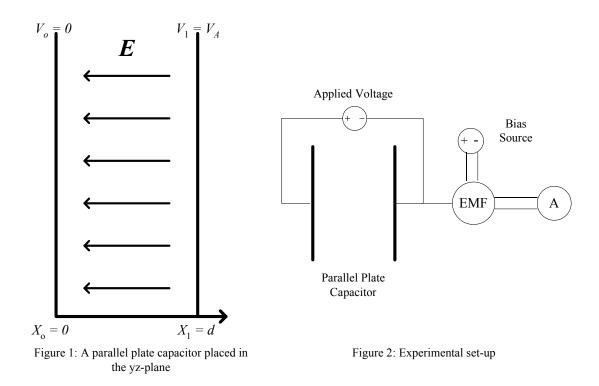
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EXPERIMENTAL SETUP AND PROCEDURE

- 1. The experimental setup is as shown in Figure 2. Adjust the plate spacing to d=10 cm. The electric field meter should be zero-balanced with a voltage of zero.
- 2. Measure the electric field strength at various voltages ranging from 0 to 250 Volts for d=10 cm and summarize the results in a table. Choose a suitable voltage step to produce a smooth curve.
- 3. Plot a graph of the data of step (2). On the same graph paper, plot the theoretical graph based on equation (2) and compare the theoretical and experimental graphs.
- 4. Adjust the potential V_A to 200V. Measure the electric field strength as the plate separation is varied from d=2 cm to d=12 cm. Summarize your results in a table.
- 5. Plot a graph of the data of step (4). On the same graph paper, plot the theoretical graph based on equation (2) and compare the theoretical and experimental graphs.
- 6. With a different medium (sheet) inserted between the plates, measure the electric field strength at various voltages ranging from 0 to 30V. The separation between the plates is fixed at d=1 cm. Repeat for all sheets.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION

- 1. What are the assumptions and simplifications in this experiment? Discuss their effects on experimental results.
- 2. Plot theoretical relation between the potential and distance (equation 4) inside a parallel plate capacitor with d=10 cm and $V_A = 100$ V.



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