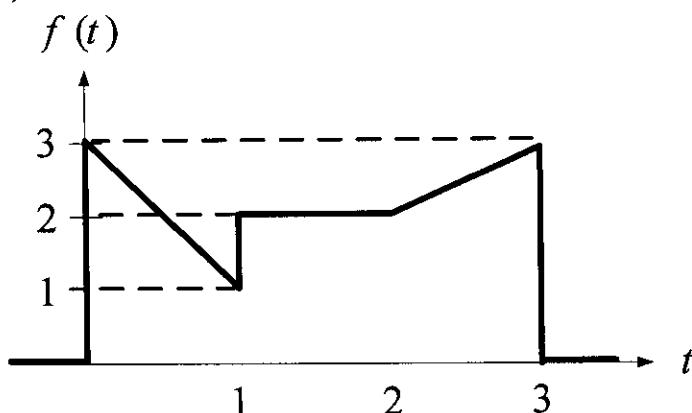


EE 207-03 - Winter 2012(112)
Quiz 1

SER	ID	NAME	KEY
-----	----	------	-----

(I)



For the function $f(t)$ (signal) shown above, expand the function in terms of singularity functions?

(II) If the input $x(t)$ and output put $y(t)$ for a system is described as

$$y(t) = x(\sqrt{t})$$

Is the system

- (a) Linear? explain?
- (b) Causal? explain?
- (c) Time invariance? explain?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(I)} \quad f(t) = & 3u(t) - 2r(t) + 2r(t-1) + u(t-1) \\ & + r(t-2) - r(t-3) - 3u(t-3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(II)} \quad \text{(a) Linear, Let } \quad y_1(t) &= T(x_1(t)) = x_1(\sqrt{t}) \\ y_2(t) &= T(x_2(t)) = x_2(\sqrt{t}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } g(t) = \alpha_1 x_1(t) + \alpha_2 x_2(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(g(t)) &= g(\sqrt{t}) = \alpha_1 x_1(\sqrt{t}) + \alpha_2 x_2(\sqrt{t}) \\ \Rightarrow T(\alpha_1 x_1(t) + \alpha_2 x_2(t)) &= \alpha_1 y_1(t) + \alpha_2 y_2(t) \Rightarrow \text{Linear} \end{aligned}$$

(b) Since $t \leq \sqrt{t}$ for $t \leq 1$
 $\Rightarrow y(t)$ depend on future $x(\sqrt{t})$
 \Rightarrow system is not causal

$$(c) y(t) = T(x(t)) = x(\sqrt{t})$$

$$y(t-t_d) = x(\sqrt{t-t_d})$$

$$T(x(t-t_d)) = x(\sqrt{t} - t_d)$$

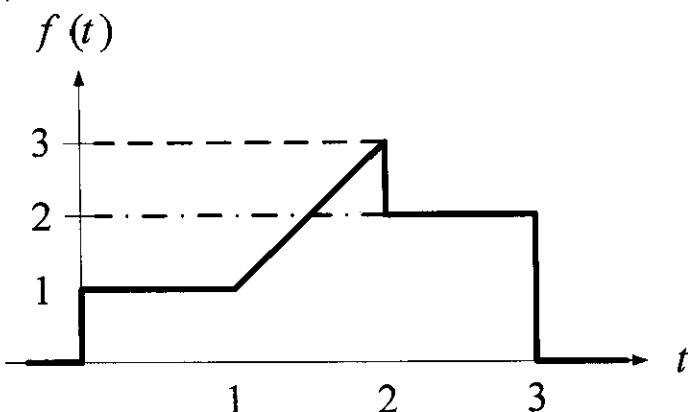
$$\text{Since } T(x(t-t_d)) \neq y(t-t_d)$$

\Rightarrow system is Time variant

EE 207-05 – Winter 2012(112)
Quiz 1

SER	ID	NAME	KEY
-----	----	------	-----

(I)



For the function (signal) shown above , expand the function in terms of singularity functions ?

(II) If the input $x(t)$ and output put $y(t)$ for a system is described as

$$y(t) = x(t^2)$$

Is the system

- (a) Linear ? explain ?
- (b) Causal ? explain ?
- (c) Time invariance ? explain ?

$$(I) \quad f(t) = u(t) + 2r(t-1) - 2r(t-2) - u(t-3)$$

$$(II) \quad (a) \text{ Linear , let } y_1(t) = T(x_1(t)) = x_1(t^2) \\ y_2(t) = T(x_2(t)) = x_2(t^2)$$

$$\text{let } g(t) = \alpha_1 x_1(t) + \alpha_2 x_2(t)$$

$$T(g(t)) = g(t^2) = \alpha_1 x_1(t^2) + \alpha_2 x_2(t^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow T(\alpha_1 x_1(t) + \alpha_2 x_2(t)) = \alpha_1 y_1(t) + \alpha_2 y_2(t) \xrightarrow{\text{linear}}$$

(b) Since $t \leq t^2$ for $t \geq 1$

$\Rightarrow y(t)$ depend on future $x(t^2)$

\Rightarrow system is not causal

(c) $y(t) = T(x(t)) = x(t^2)$

$$\cancel{y(t-t_d)} = \cancel{x(\cancel{t} \cancel{- t_d})} \cancel{x(t^2)}$$

$$y(t-t_d) = x((t-t_d)^2)$$

$$T(x(t-t_d)) = x(t^2 - t_d)$$

Since $T(x(t-t_d)) \neq y(t-t_d)$

\Rightarrow system is Time Variance