

COE 308 – Fall 2006

Computer Architecture

Assignment 6: Pipelined Processor

Due: Tuesday, December 12, 2006

1. (4 pts) Identify all of the RAW data dependencies in the following code. Which dependencies are data hazards that will be resolved by forwarding? Which dependencies are data hazards that will cause a stall? Using a multiple-clock-cycle graphical representation, show the forwarding paths and stalled cycles if any.

```
add $3, $4, $2
sub $5, $3, $1
lw  $6, 200($3)
add $7, $3, $6
```

2. (3 pts) We have a program of 10^6 instructions in the format of “**lw, add, lw, add, ...**”. The **add** instruction depends only on the **lw** instruction right before it. The **lw** instruction also depends only on the **add** instruction right before it. If this program is executed on the 5-stage MIPS pipeline:
 - a) Without forwarding, what would be the actual CPI?
 - b) With forwarding, what would be the actual CPI?
3. (4 pts) We have a program core consisting of five conditional branches. The program core will be executed millions of times. Below are the outcomes of each branch for one execution of the program core (T for taken and N for not taken).

Branch 1: T-T-T

Branch 2: N-N-N-N

Branch 3: T-N-T-N-T-N

Branch 4: T-T-T-N-T

Branch 5: T-T-N-T-T-N-T

Assume that the behavior of each branch remains the same for each program core execution. For dynamic branch prediction schemes, assume that each branch has its own prediction buffer and each buffer is initialized to the same state before each execution. List the predictions and the accuracies for each of the following branch prediction schemes:

- a) Always taken
- b) Always not taken
- c) 1-bit predictor, initialized to predict taken
- d) 2-bit predictor, initialized to weakly predict taken

4. **(3 pts)** Moving the branch execution and comparison from the MEM stage to the ID stage can reduce the delay of branches from 3 cycles to 1 cycle. However, it introduces an opportunity for data hazards that cannot be resolved by forwarding. Give a set of code sequences that demonstrate the data hazard cases that must be detected by a branch instruction. Using a multiple-clock-cycle graphical representation, show the forwarding paths and stalled cycles.

5. **(6 pts)** The forwarding unit could be moved to the ID stage and forwarding decisions could be made earlier. The results of these decisions would need to be passed along with the instruction and used in the EX stage when actual forwarding would take place. This modification would speed up the EX stage and might allow for possible cycle-time improvement. Perform the modification. Provide a revised datapath and a description of the necessary changes. How has the ID/EX register changed? Provide new forwarding equations.