<section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>























































Operation of Coherent Detection of QPSK

Using the figure in previous slide: $s(t) = d1(t)cos(\omega_c t) + d2(t)sin(\omega_c t)$ Use the following identities: $\cos(2\alpha) = 2\cos^2(\alpha) - 1; \sin^2(\alpha) = 2\sin(\alpha)\cos(\alpha)$ For upper branch: $s(t) X cos(\omega_c t) = d1(t)cos(2\omega_c t) + d2(t)sin(\omega_c t) cos(\omega_c t)$ $= (1/2)d1(t) + (1/2)d1(t)\cos(2\omega_c t) + (1/2)d2(t)\sin(2\omega_c t)$ Use the following identities: $\cos(2\alpha) = 1 - 2\sin^2(\alpha); \sin^2(\alpha) = 2\sin(\alpha)\cos(\alpha)$ For lower branch: $s(t) X sin(\omega_c t) = d1(t) cos(\omega_c t) sin(\omega_c t) + d2(t)sin(2\omega_c t)$ $= (1/2)d1(t) \sin(2\omega_c t) + (1/2)d2(t) - (1/2)d2(t) \cos(2\omega_c t)$ All terms at $2\omega_c$ are filtered out by the low-pass filter, yielding: y1(t) = (1/2)d1(t); y2(t) = (1/2)d2(t)Therefore, y1(t) is d1(t) (scaled) and y2(t) is d2(t) (scaled) 9/11/2011 Dr. Ashraf S. Hasan Mahmoud

29























The Phy depend	/sical layer ing on the p	supports 8 perceived c	DIFFEREI hannel qu	NT data ra Iality
Data rate (Mb/s)	Modulation	Coding rate	Ndbps*	1472 byte transfer duration (µs)
6	BPSK	1/2	23	2012
9	BPSK	3/4	36	1344
12	4-QAM	1/2	48	1008
18	4-QAM	3/4	72	672
24	16-QAM	1/2	96	504
36	16-QAM	3/4	144	336
48	64-QAM	2/3	192	252
54	64-QAM	3/4	216	224



