

COE 202, Term 131  
Digital Logic Design

## Quiz# 2

Date: Thursday, Oct. 3

Q1. Simplify the following Boolean functions to the minimum number of literals sum-of-product expressions using algebraic manipulation:

(i)  $x'y'z' + x'y'z + x'yz + xy'z + xyz$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \bar{x}\bar{y} [\bar{z} + z] + \bar{x}yz + xz [\bar{y} + y] \\
 &= \bar{x}\bar{y} + \bar{x}yz + xz \\
 &= \bar{x} [\bar{y} + yz] + xz \\
 &= \bar{x} [\bar{y} + z] + xz \\
 &= \bar{x}\bar{y} + \bar{x}z + xz = \bar{x}\bar{y} + z [\bar{x} + x] \\
 &= \bar{x}\bar{y} + z
 \end{aligned}$$

(ii)  $ABC' + A'C'D + AB'C' + BC'D + A'D$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= A\bar{C} [B + \bar{B}] + B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}D \\
 &= A\bar{C} + B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}D \quad (\bar{A}\bar{C}D \text{ is absorbed by } \bar{A}D) \\
 &= A\bar{C} + B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}D + \bar{C}D \\
 &\quad \quad \quad (\text{by consensus of } \underline{A\bar{C}} \text{ \& } \underline{\bar{A}D}) \\
 &= A\bar{C} + \bar{A}D + \bar{C}D \\
 &\quad \quad \quad (\bar{B}\bar{C}D \text{ is absorbed by } \bar{C}D) \\
 &= A\bar{C} + \bar{A}D \\
 &\quad \quad \quad (\text{by consensus of } \underline{A\bar{C}} \text{ \& } \underline{\bar{A}D})
 \end{aligned}$$

Q2. Express the function  $F(A, B, C, D) = AB + \bar{C} + D$  as:

(i) Sum of minterms  $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m()$

$$\begin{array}{l} A B C D \\ 1 1 - - \end{array} = \{ 1100, 1101, 1110, 1111 \} \\ = \{ m_{12}, m_{13}, m_{14}, m_{15} \}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A B C D \\ - - 0 - \end{array} = \{ 0000, 0001, 0100, 0101, \\ 1000, 1001, 1100, 1101 \} \\ = \{ m_0, m_1, m_4, m_5, m_8, m_9, \\ m_{12}, m_{13} \}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A B C D \\ - - - 1 \end{array} = \{ 0001, 0011, 0101, 0111, 1001, \\ 1011, 1101, 1111 \} \\ = \{ m_1, m_3, m_5, m_7, m_9, m_{11}, m_{13}, m_{15} \}$$

$$F = \sum m(0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)$$

(ii) Product of maxterms  $F(A, B, C, D) = \prod M()$

$$F = \prod M(2, 6, 10)$$

Another solution

$$F = AB + \bar{C} + D = (A + \bar{C} + D)(B + \bar{C} + D)$$

$$\bar{F} = \bar{A}c\bar{D} + \bar{B}c\bar{D}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A B C D \\ 0 - 1 0 \end{array} = \{ 0010, 0110 \} = \{ m_2, m_6 \}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A B C D \\ - 0 1 0 \end{array} = \{ 0010, 1010 \} = \{ m_2, m_{10} \}$$

$$\bar{F} = \sum m(2, 6, 10)$$

$$F = \prod M(2, 6, 10)$$