

COE 545, Term 022

Digital System Testing

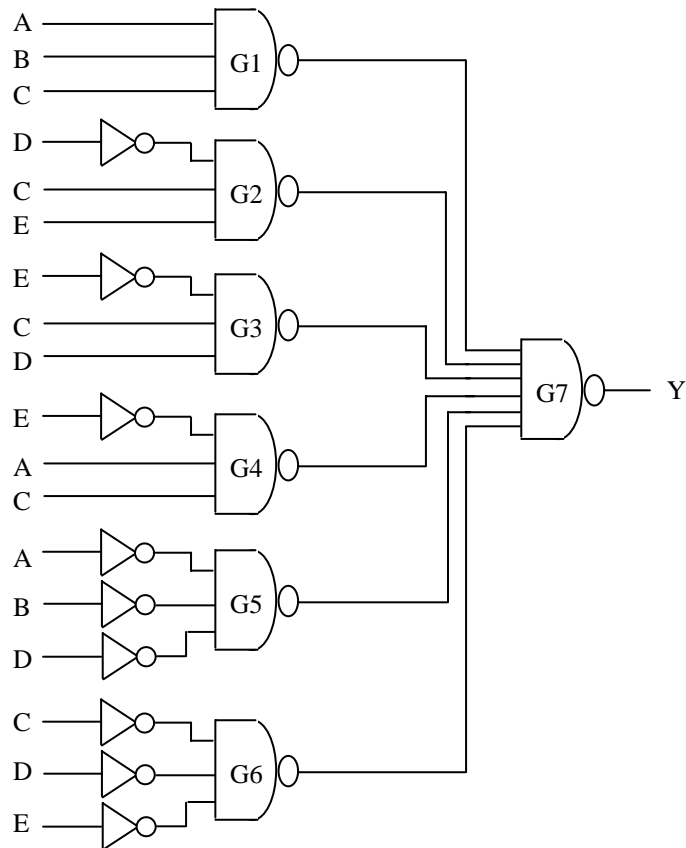
HW#4

Due Date: Tuesday, May 20

Q.1. Problem 6.32

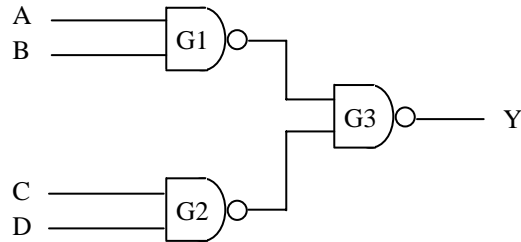
Q.2. Problem 6.33

Q.3. Consider the circuit shown below:



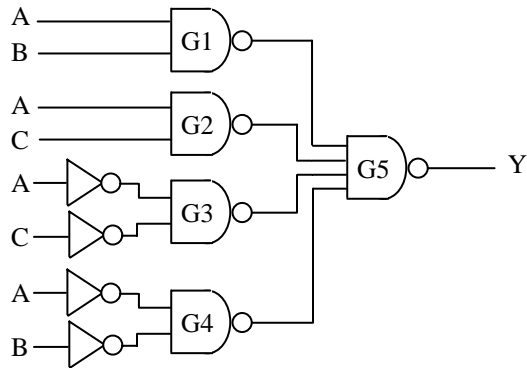
- (i) Verify using HITEC that all the single stuck-at faults in the circuit are detectable.
- (ii) Generate all the tests that detect the TSOP fault in the pMOS transistor of gate G7 driven by the output of gate G4. Determine if any of those tests is a robust test.

Q.4. Consider the circuit shown below composed of three 2-input static CMOS NAND gates.



- (i) Determine the transistor stuck-open faults in the circuit that are robustly testable by the test set {1101, 0101, 1110, 1010, 0111, 0101, 1011, 1010}. Assume that the vectors are applied in the order given. What are your observations?
- (ii) Generate a minimal test set that robustly detects all the transistor stuck-open faults in the circuit.

Q.5. Consider the two-level circuit shown below:



- (i)** Are all the path delay faults in the circuit robustly testable. If not, identify the paths that are not robustly delay fault testable.
- (ii)** Are all the path delay faults in the circuit validatable non-robust (VNR) testable. If yes, derive a complete VNR test set for all the paths. Otherwise, identify those that are not VNR testable.
- (iii)** Are all the gate delay faults robustly testable. If yes, derive a complete robust test set for all the gate delay faults. Otherwise, identify those that are not robustly testable.
- (iv)** Reimplement the function Y such that in the new implementation all the path delay faults are robustly testable.

Q.6. Consider the CMOS circuit shown below. Derive tests for detecting all the detectable transistor stuck-open and transistor stuck-short faults in the circuit using the following methods. Determine the faults that require current monitoring for their detection.

(i) B-Block method

(ii) Second gate-level based method given in class.

