

**COE 561, Term 051**  
**Digital System Design and Synthesis**  
**HW# 4**  
**Due date: Tuesday, Dec. 6**

**Q.1.** Consider the logic network defined by the following expressions:

$$x = a b d e' + c d' e + c d e' + a b d' e + a b c$$
$$y = a b + c$$

- (i) Substitute  $y$  into  $f_x$  by performing the algebraic division  $f_x/f_y$ . Show all steps. Determine the number of literals saved.
- (ii) Compare your solution with the result obtained by running the sis command *resub -d* (resubstitute without complement).

**Q.2.** Consider the following function:

$$x = a c h + b c h + d g h + e g h + f g h + i$$

- (i) Compute all the kernels of  $x$  using the recursive kernel computation algorithm. Show all the steps.
- (ii) Compute all the kernels of  $x$  based on matrix representation. Compare your answer to the result obtained in (i).

**Q.3.** Consider the following function:

$$x = a c + b c + b e + d c + d e$$

- (i) Find a quick factor of  $x$  by using the first level-0 kernel found. Assume that input variables are sorted in lexicographic order. Determine the number of literals obtained. Compare your solution with the result obtained by running the sis commands *factor -q x; print\_factor; print\_stats -f*.
- (ii) Find a good factor of  $x$  based on using the best kernel. Determine the number of literals obtained. Compare your solution with the result obtained by running the sis commands *factor -g x; print\_factor; print\_stats -f*.

**Q.4.** Consider the logic network defined by the following expressions:

$$x = a c d + a e f' + a e' g' + a' b' c' + a' b' d' + a' b' e f + a' b' e' g + b c d$$

- (i) Compute all double-cube divisors of  $x$  along with their bases.
- (ii) Apply the fast extraction algorithm based on extracting double-cube divisors along with complements or single-cube divisors with two-literals. Show all steps of the algorithm. Determine the number of literals saved. Compare your solution with the result obtained by running the sis commands *fx*.

**Q.5.** Consider the logic network defined by the following expressions:

$$\begin{aligned}d &= a + b \\e &= b' + c \\f &= c d + a e + b c'\end{aligned}$$

Inputs are {a, b, c} and output is {f}.

- (i) Compute CDC for the cut including the inputs of functions f.
- (ii) Compute the SDC set for nodes d and e.
- (iii) Using the CDC set of node f and the SDC for nodes d and e, simplify the function f.
- (iv) Compute the ODC set for node e. Consider the network perturbation replacing e by 0, i.e.  $\delta = (b' + c) \oplus 0 = b' + c$ . Determine if this perturbation is feasible or not. Is the fault **e stuck-at-0** testable. If it is testable find all tests detecting the fault. If the fault is untestable optimize the network by eliminating redundancy.
- (v) Apply the sis command *full\_simplify* and compare the solution obtained with your obtained solution based on optimizations made in (iii) & (iv).