

Nitrogen inversion and N-O bond rotation in some hydroxylamine and isoxazolidine derivatives

Prof. SHAIKH ASROF ALI

**Dept. of Chemistry , College of Science ,
King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals**

<http://www.kfupm.edu.s>

ABSTRACT

A series of trisubstituted hydroxylamine derivs., both cyclic and acyclic, has been prepd. The energy barriers in these hydroxylamines are found to be dominated either by nitrogen inversion or N-O bond rotation depending on the nature of the substituents attached to the nitrogen. In several series of compds., having XC₆H₄CH₂ substituents attached to nitrogen, Hammett free energy correlations are obtained with pos. ρ values, indicating increased electron d. at the transition state for the inversion process. Isoxazolidines with C(5) ethoxy substituents demonstrate a strong anomeric effect.