

Polyhedron 21 (2002) 1267-1271



# Synthesis of silver(I) complexes of thiones and their characterization by <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>15</sup>N and <sup>107</sup>Ag NMR spectroscopy

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Received 8 January 2002; accepted 28 March 2002

### Abstract

Silver(I) complexes of thiones (L), [LAgNO<sub>3</sub>] and [AgL<sub>2</sub>]NO<sub>3</sub> have been prepared and characterized by elemental analysis, IR and NMR ( $^{1}$ H,  $^{13}$ C,  $^{15}$ N and  $^{107}$ Ag) spectroscopy. An upfield shift in the C=S resonance of thiones in  $^{13}$ C NMR and downfield shifts in N-H resonances in  $^{1}$ H and  $^{15}$ N NMR are consistent with the sulfur coordination to silver(I). In  $^{107}$ Ag NMR, the AgNO<sub>3</sub> signal is deshielded by 300–500 ppm on its coordination to thiones. Greater upfield shifts in  $^{13}$ C NMR are observed for [LAgNO<sub>3</sub>] compared with [AgL<sub>2</sub>]NO<sub>3</sub> complexes, whereas the opposite trend is observed for  $^{1}$ H,  $^{15}$ N and  $^{107}$ Ag chemical shifts. © 2002 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

Keywords: Silver(I) complexes; Thiones; NMR studies

## 1. Introduction

Complexes of heterocyclic thiones such as imidazolidine-2-thione (Imt), diazinane-2-thione (Diaz) and their derivatives with transition metals are of interest in bioinorganic chemistry because of the search for simple model compounds for metal proteins [1,2]. In view of this, Cu(I) [3], Ag(I) [4,5], Au(I) [6-8], Hg(II) [9] and Cd(II) [10] complexes with thiones have been widely studied in recent years. In our previous work on silverthione complexes, we reported the synthesis and spectroscopic characterization of various [LAgNO<sub>3</sub>] (where L = Imt, Diaz and their derivatives) [4] and  $Ag(Tu)_x NO_3$  (Tu = thiourea and x = 1-4) complexes [11]. The present report describes the synthesis of silver(I) complexes of the stoichiometry, [AgL<sub>2</sub>]NO<sub>3</sub> for a series of thiones and their characterization by <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>15</sup>N and <sup>107</sup>Ag NMR spectroscopy. The results of <sup>15</sup>N and <sup>107</sup>Ag NMR for [LAgNO<sub>3</sub>] complexes are also presented. Among [LAgNO<sub>3</sub>] complexes, [DmTuAgNO<sub>3</sub>] and [DiapAgNO<sub>3</sub>] were not reported earlier. The main goal of the study is to provide a data

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base of  $^{13}\mathrm{C}$  and  $^{107}\mathrm{Ag}$  NMR spectra for silver(I) complexes of thiones.

The structures of the thiones used in this study are described in Scheme 1.

### 2. Experimental

# 2.1. Chemicals

N,N-dimethylthiourea, methanol, acetone, acetonitrile and DMSO- $d_6$  were obtained from Fluka Chemical Co. The thione ligands were synthesized according to

Scheme 1. (a) N,N'-dimethylthiourea (DmTu); (b) R=H; imidazolidine-2-thione (Imt); (c)  $R=CH_3$ ; N-methylimidazolidine-2-thione (MeImt); (d)  $R=C_2H_5$ ; N-ethylimidazolidine-2-thione (EtImt); (e)  $R=C_3H_7$ ; N-propylimidazolidine-2-thione (PrImt); (f) R=i- $C_3H_7$ ; N-(i-propyl)imidazolidine-2-thione (i-PrImt); (g) R=H; 1,3-diazinane-2-thione (Diaz); (h)  $R=C_2H_5$ ; N-ethyl-1,3-diazinane-2-thione (EtDiaz); (i) 1,3-diazipane-2-thione (Diap).

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