

**King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals**  
**Chemical Engineering Department**  
**CHE 501 – Advanced Transport Phenomena**  
**First Semester, 2013 - 2014 (131)**

**HW#4**

Due: Mon. 4-Nov.-2013

Solve the following problems:

1. 4B.1
2. 4B.2
3. 4B.3 a, b, c
4. For Example 4.1-1 we presented in class the following similarity solution for the dimensionless velocity:

$$\phi(\eta) = 1 - \frac{\int_0^\eta \exp(-\bar{\eta}^2) d\bar{\eta}}{\int_0^\infty \exp(-\bar{\eta}^2) d\bar{\eta}} = 1 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^\eta \exp(-\bar{\eta}^2) d\bar{\eta} = 1 - \operatorname{erf} \eta$$

Use computer software to plot  $\phi$  as function of  $\eta$  (from 0 to 5).

5. For Example 4.1-2 we presented in class the following series solution for the dimensionless velocity:

$$\phi(\eta, \tau) = (1 - \eta) - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( \frac{2}{n\pi} \right) \exp(-n^2\pi^2\tau) \sin n\pi\eta \quad (4.1-40)$$

Use computer software to plot  $\phi$  as function of  $\eta$  for different values of  $\tau = 0.0, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1.0$  and  $10$ . Your results should be presented in one chart.

6. For Example 4.1-3 we presented in class the following solution for the velocity:

$$v_x(y, t) = v_0 e^{-\sqrt{\omega/2\nu}y} \cos(\omega t - \sqrt{\omega/2\nu}y) \quad (4.1-57)$$

Put the above equation in dimensionless form and computer software to plot the dimensionless velocity as function of dimensionless distance and time.

7. For Example 4.2-1, the boundary condition far from the sphere was given as:

$$\text{B.C. 3:} \quad \text{as } r \rightarrow \infty, \quad \psi \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}v_\infty r^2 \sin^2 \theta \quad (4.2-6)$$

This was derived based on the argument that far from the sphere the velocities can be written such that they satisfy the continuity equation:  $v_r = v_\infty \cos \theta$  and  $v_\theta = -v_\infty \sin \theta$ .

- (a) Show that the velocities far from the sphere satisfy the continuity equation.
- (b) Using the definition of the stream function and derive BC3 from  $v_r$  and  $v_\theta$ .

8. Use Mathematica© to:

- a) Derive Eq. 4.2-8 using 4.2-7 and 4.2-3 as well as the simplified B.6-7 and B.6-8.
- b) Derive equations 4.2-15 & 4.2-16 using 4.2-13 and 4.2-14.
- c) Derive equation 4.2-20 by evaluating the integral 4.2-19.

Note for 8. You have to prove the results and provide the input and output files as well.