



# **CHE 425**

# **Engineering Economics and Design Principles**



## **Course Objective**

- ❑ Introducing the Process flow diagrams
- ❑ Understanding the process conditions
- ❑ Technical analysis of a chemical processes and use of heuristics in design and analysis, and synthesis of a process using a simulator.



## Course Objective (cont.)

- ❑ Engineering economic analysis of chemical processes with particular emphasis on:
  - cost estimation
  - time value of money
  - depreciation
  - profitability and financial analysis
  - methods for decision making among alternatives



## Course Outcomes

- Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to:
  - ① Understand the process flow diagrams of a chemical process.
  - ② Understand and justify the process conditions
  - ③ Be able to use heuristics in process design and analysis



## **Course Outcomes (cont.)**

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- ④ Estimate capital investment.
- ⑤ Estimate manufacturing cost.
- ⑥ Understand engineering economics and perform profitability analysis.
- ⑦ Be familiar with using simulation for equipment design.



## Grading

<input type="checkbox"/> Major exam I	25%	Saturday, March 22, 2008
<input type="checkbox"/> Major exam II	25%	Saturday, May 3, 2008
<input type="checkbox"/> Quizzes/Assignments	12%	
<input type="checkbox"/> Class Participation	3%	
<input type="checkbox"/> Attendance	3%	
<input type="checkbox"/> Final exam	32%	



## Notes

- Attendance will be strictly followed as per university policy.
- Quiz will be held regularly during lecture hours. No make up quiz will be given.
- Attendance marks will be deducted for each missed lecture



## Why Economics with Design?

- ❑ Special emphasis is placed on the economic and engineering principles involved in the design of chemical plants and equipment.
- ❑ An understanding of these principles is a prerequisite for any successful chemical engineer, no matter whether the final position is in direct design work or in production, administration, sales, research, development, or any other related field.





## Why Economics with Design? (cont.)

- ❑ The expression *plant design* immediately connotes industrial applications; consequently, the dollar sign must always be kept in mind when carrying out the design of a plant.
- ❑ The theoretical and practical aspects are important, of course; but, in the final analysis, the answer to the question “***Will we realize a profit from this venture?***” almost always determines the true value of the design.
- ❑ **The chemical engineer, therefore, should consider plant design and applied economics as one combined subject.**



## The Scope of Design

- ❑ Design should be viewed as the focal point of chemical engineering practice.
- ❑ Far more than the development of a set of specifications for a new chemical plant, **design is that creative activity** through which engineers continuously improve the operation of facilities to create products that enhance the quality of life.
- ❑ Whether developing the grass roots plant, proposing and guiding process modifications, or troubleshooting and implementing operational strategies for existing equipment, engineering design requires a broad spectrum of knowledge and intellectual skills to be able to analyze the big picture and the minute details and, most importantly, to know when to concentrate on each.



## The Scope of Design (cont.)

- ❑ The purpose of this text is to assist chemical engineering students in making *the transition from solving well-posed problems in a specific subject to integrating all the knowledge that they have gained in their undergraduate education and applying it to solving open-ended process problems.*
- ❑ Many of the “nuts and bolts” issues regarding plant design (for example, what schedule pipe to use for a given stream or what corrosion allowance to use for a vessel in a certain service) are not covered.
- ❑ Although such issues are clearly important to the practicing engineer, several excellent handbooks and textbooks are available to address such problems.