

$(0.35, 0, 0)$

$(0.35, -d \cos 30^\circ, d \sin 30^\circ)$

$\vec{r}_{AB} = \{-d \cos 30^\circ \hat{j} + d \sin 30^\circ \hat{k}\}$

$\vec{M}_1 = \vec{r}_{AB} \times \vec{F}_1$

$= (-d \cos 30^\circ \hat{j} + d \sin 30^\circ \hat{k}) \times 35 \hat{k}$

$= -d \cos 30^\circ \hat{j} \times \hat{k} = -d \cos 30^\circ \hat{i}$

$= -30.31 d \hat{i}$

Again

$A(0.35, 0, 0)$

$C(0.6, -d \cos 30^\circ, d \sin 30^\circ)$

$\vec{r}_{AC} = \{0.25 \hat{i} - d \cos 30^\circ \hat{j} + d \sin 30^\circ \hat{k}\}$

$M_2 = \vec{r}_{AC} \times \vec{F}_2$

$= \{0.25 \hat{i} - d \cos 30^\circ \hat{j} + d \sin 30^\circ \hat{k}\} \times 50 \hat{i}$

$= 43.3 d \hat{k} + 25 d \hat{j}$

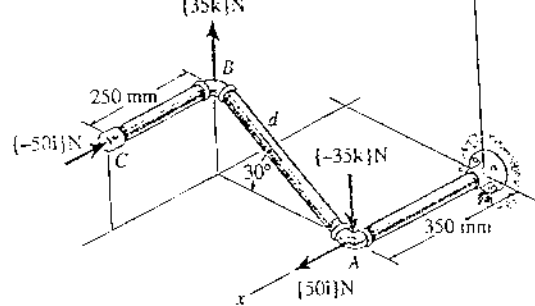
$M_R = \vec{M}_1 + \vec{M}_2$

$20 = \sqrt{(30.31d)^2 + (25d)^2 + (43.3)^2}$

$\Rightarrow 400 = 3418.6 d^2$

$\Rightarrow d = \sqrt{\frac{400}{3418.6}} = 0.342 \text{ m}$

$\therefore d = \underline{\underline{342 \text{ mm}}}$



Probs. 4-96/97