## King Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals CIVIL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

## CE 201 STATICS (Sections 3 & 4)

First Semester 1430-31 / 2009-10 (091)

## H.W. #12

## <u>Due</u> on Sunday 2-2-1431 / 17-1-2010 (any time) <u>Deadline</u> for submission: Monday 3-2-1431 / 18-1-2010 (<u>before</u> you sit in class)

- 1- The arrangement shown in Fig. P1 exerts a horizontal force on the stationary crate. The crate weighs 800 N, and the coefficient of static friction between the crate and the ramp is  $\mu_s = 0.4$ . [Secs. 8.1 & 8.2] (15 pts.)
  - (a) If the rope exerts a 400-N force on the crate, what is the friction force exerted on the crate by the ramp?
  - (b) What is the largest force the rope can exert on the crate without causing it to slide up the ramp?
- 2- The refrigerator shown in Fig. P2 weighs 350 kN; b = 42 cm; the coefficient of static friction ( $\mu_s$ ) at *A* and *B* equals 0.24. [Secs. 8.1 & 8.2] (20 pts.)
  - (a) What force F is necessary for impending slip?
  - (b) If h = 180 cm, will the refrigerator tip over before it slips? Prove!
  - (c) If you want the refrigerator to slip before it tips over, what is the maximum height h at which you can apply the force F?
- 3- The coefficient of static friction between the right bar shown in Fig. P3 and the surface at A is  $\mu_s = 0.6$ .
  - (a) If  $\alpha = 20^\circ$ , what is the magnitude of the friction force exerted at *A* (as a function of F)?
  - (b) What is the largest angle  $\alpha$  at which the truss will remain stationary without slipping?

[Secs. 8.1 & 8.2] (20 pts.)

- 4- The masses of crates at *A* and *B*, shown in Fig. P4, are 25 kg and 30 kg, respectively. The coefficient of static friction between the contacting surfaces is  $\mu_s = 0.34$ . What is the largest value of  $\alpha$  for which the crates will remain in equilibrium? [Secs. 8.1 & 8.2] (20 pts.)
- 5- In Fig. P5 shown, the coefficients of static friction between the tires of the 1000-kg tractor and the ground and between the crate and the ground are 0.8 and 0.3, respectively. The front wheels can turn freely.
  - (a) Starting from rest, what torque must the tractor's engine exert on the rear wheels to cause the crate to move if the mass of the crate is 450 kg?
  - (b) What is the most massive crate the tractor can cause to move from rest if its engine can exert sufficient torque? What torque is necessary? [Secs. 8.1 & 8.2] (25 pts.)

Note that solving <u>five problems</u> only on "Friction" is <u>not enough</u> to fully understand and master the subject! You need to practice more .....!!!





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Do <u>your</u> work <u>yourself</u>!! Remember that the homework carries more than 10% of the course grade; in addition, solving it is the best way to understand the subject. Of course, you can seek my help anytime in the homework as well as in anything else.