

Pr. # 1.

- Given :- the figure shown Fig. P1

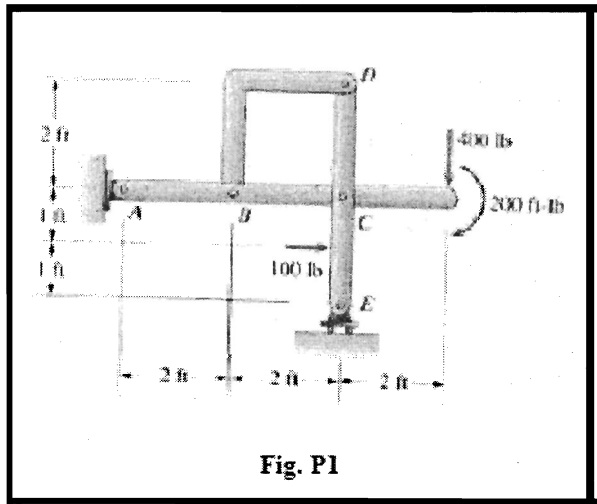


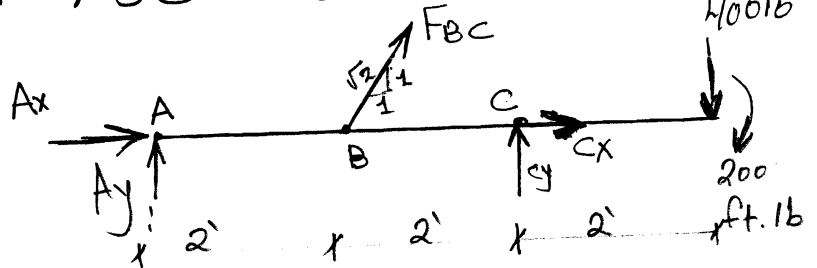
Fig. P1

- Required :-

Forces on member ABC.

- Solution :-

The FBD of member ABC is drawn in ① as shown.



Note that BD is a two-force member. Also, note

FBD ①

that there are 5 unknowns & 3 equations. Thus, we can not start with member ABC. \Rightarrow

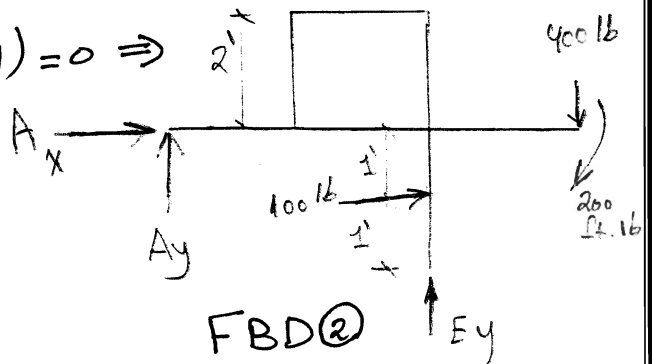
Take the whole frame (FBD ②):

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow A_x + 100 = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = -100 \text{ lb} = 100 \text{ lb} \leftarrow$$

$$\curvearrowright \sum M_E = 0 \text{ (why E?!)}$$

$$100(2) - 100(1) - 200 - 400(2) - A_y(4) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$A_y = -225 \text{ lb} = 225 \text{ lb} \downarrow$$



Now, come back to FBD ①,



$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_c = 0 \quad (\text{why } c ?!) \Rightarrow$$

$$-200 - 400(2) \oplus 225(4) - F_{BC} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)(2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{BC} = -70.711 \text{ lb} = 70.711 \text{ lb} \swarrow \text{ "C" }$$

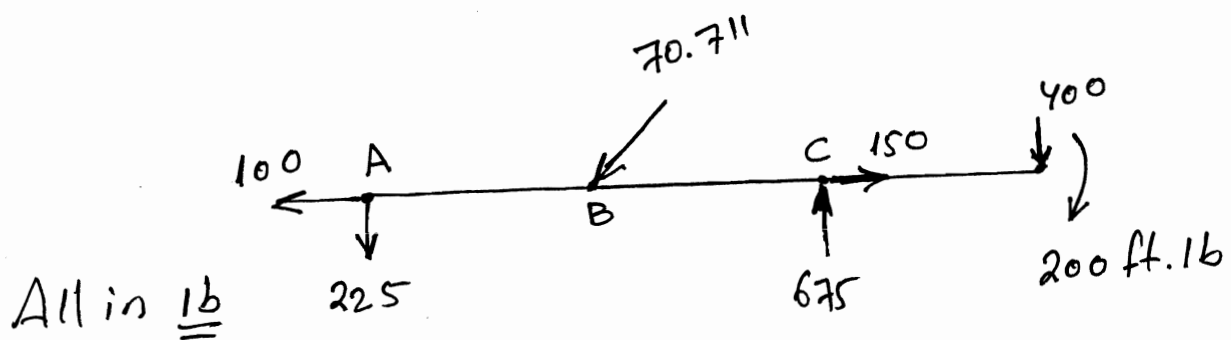
$$+\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow -100 - 70.711 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + C_x = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$C_x = 150 \text{ lb} \rightarrow$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow -225 - 400 - 70.711 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + C_y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow C_y = 675 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$

The forces on member ABC are shown in the figure below in the correct directions.



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Problem 2 :-

- Given :

. The figure shows.

. $w = 40 \text{ lb}$.

- Required :-

forces on members ABCD and CEG.

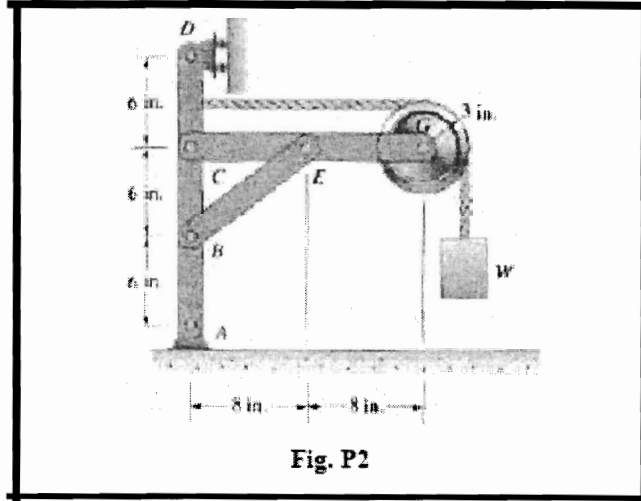
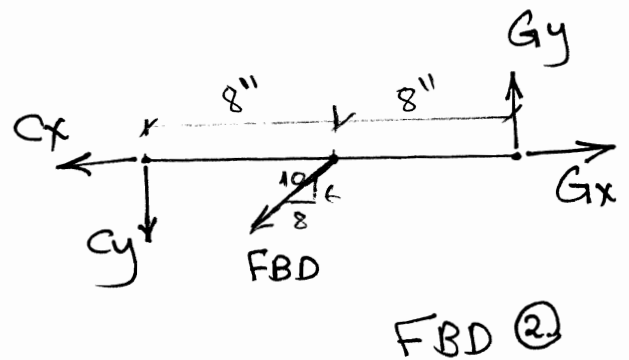
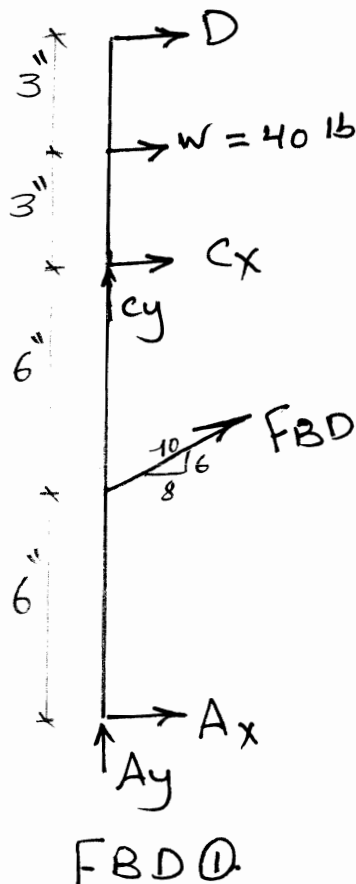


Fig. P2

- solution :-

The FBD's of members ABCD and CEG are drawn as shown in ① and ②.

Note that BE is a two-force member.



Note that in FBD ①, there are 6 unknowns, and in FBD ②, there are 5 unknowns. Thus, we can not start with either one.



Let's first find the reactions from the FBD of the whole frame as shown in (3).

$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow$$

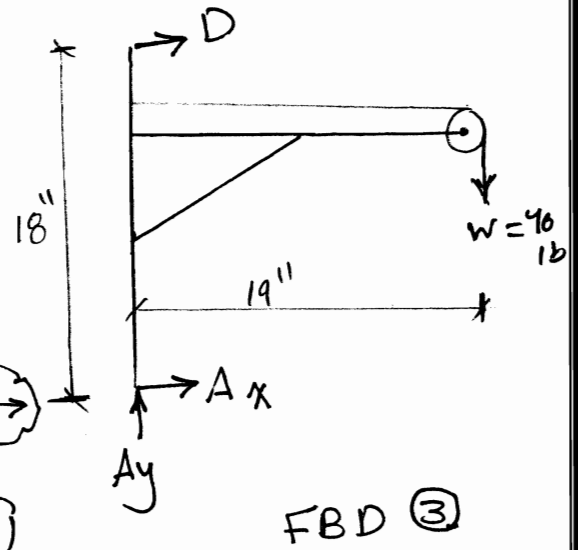
$$-40(19) - D(18) = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$D = -42.222 \text{ lb} = 42.222 \text{ lb} \leftarrow$$

$$+\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$A_x - 42.222 = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 42.222 \text{ lb} \rightarrow$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow A_y - 40 = 0 \Rightarrow A_y = 40 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$



Now, we come back to FBD (1),

$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_c = 0 \Rightarrow 42.222(12) \oplus 42.222(6) - 40(3) + F_{BD} \left(\frac{8}{10}\right)(6) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{BD} = -133.3 \text{ lb} = 133.3 \text{ lb} \swarrow \text{ "C" }$$

$$+\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow 40 + [-133.33 \left(\frac{6}{10}\right)] + C_y = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$C_y = 40 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$

$$+\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow 42.222 + 40 - 42.222 - 133.33 \left(\frac{8}{10}\right) + C_x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow C_x = 66.67 \text{ lb} \rightarrow$$

Now, we take FBD (2),

F_{EB} , C_x & C_y are equal and opposite (member

CEG compared with member ABCD). \Rightarrow

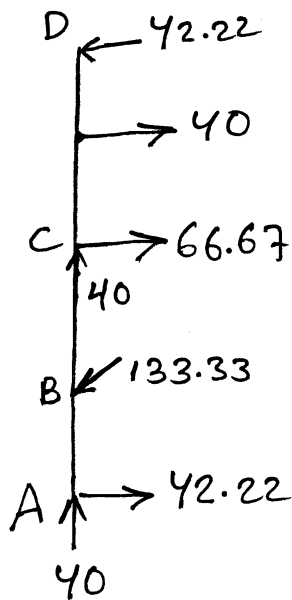
$\Rightarrow C_x = 66.67 \text{ lb} \leftarrow$, $C_y = 40 \text{ lb} \downarrow$

$F_{EB} = 133.33 \text{ lb} \nearrow$ "C"

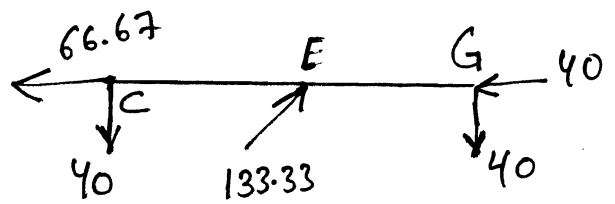
$\overset{+}{\rightarrow} \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow -66.667 + 133.33 \left(\frac{8}{10}\right) + G_x = 0 \Rightarrow G_x = -40 \text{ lb} = 40 \text{ lb} \leftarrow$

$\overset{+}{\uparrow} \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow -40 + 133.33 \left(\frac{6}{10}\right) + G_y = 0 \Rightarrow G_y = -40 \text{ lb} = 40 \text{ lb} \downarrow$

The results can be presented on the members as shown below. All units in lb.



member
 ABCD



member CEG

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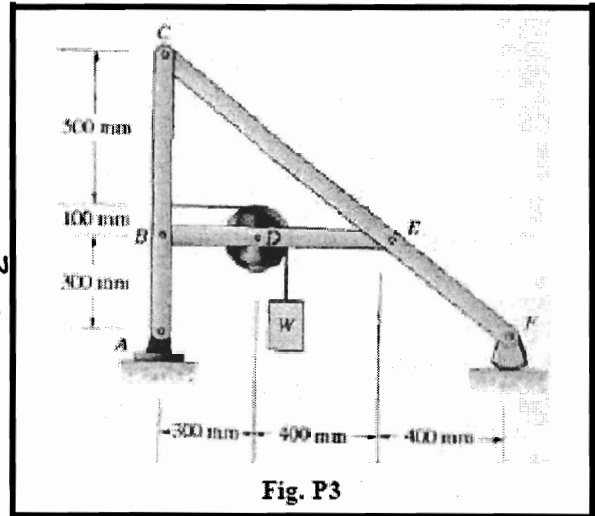
Problem 3 :-

- Given:

- The figure shows.
- Pin support B force = 24 kN (max)

- Required:

- The largest weight W.



- solution:-

In order to solve this problem, we need to find the force resultant at pin B, expressed in terms of W (i.e function of W: $B = f(W)$). Then we set $B(W)$ equal to 24 kN. "B" is "common" in member ABC and member BDE. However, we need to start by taking the entire frame (FBD ①). Note that, no internal forces appear! only W and the reactions at A and F. (why?!)

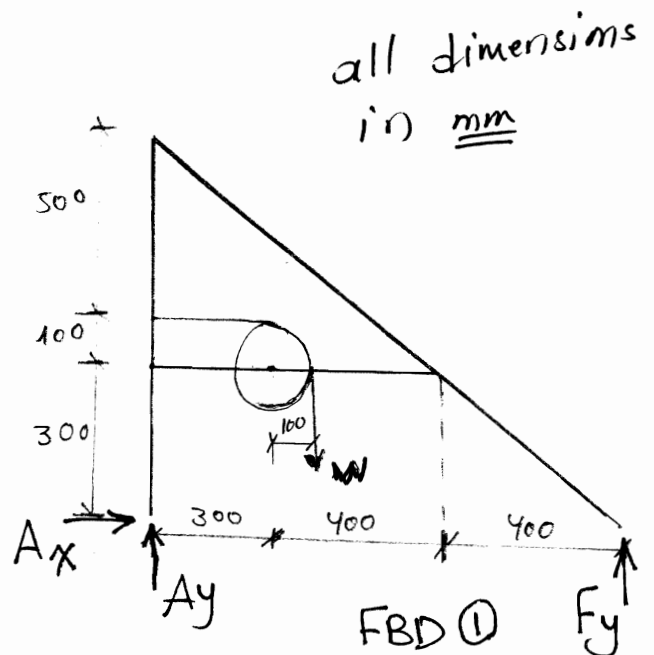
$$+\uparrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 0$$

$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_F = 0 \quad (\text{why F?!})$$

$$\Rightarrow -A_y(300 + 400 + 400) + W(400 - 100 + 400) = 0$$

$$A_y = \frac{7}{11} W$$

→

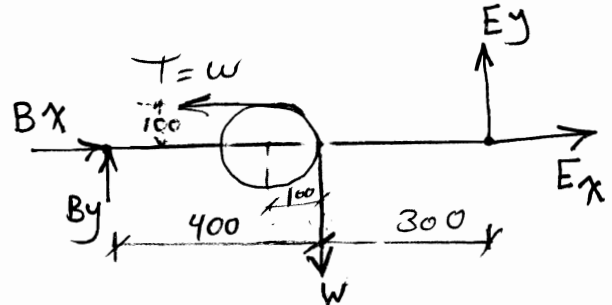


Now, FBD ② (BDE with the pulley): (why?!)

$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_E = 0 \quad (\text{why } E \text{?!})$$

$$w(300) + w(100) - B_y(700) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = \frac{4}{7} w$$



FBD ② "all in mm".

Then FBD ③ (ABC)

$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_c = 0 \quad (\text{why?!})$$

$$\Rightarrow w(500) - B_x(600) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_x = \frac{5}{6} w$$

We need to take the resultant of B. (why?!)

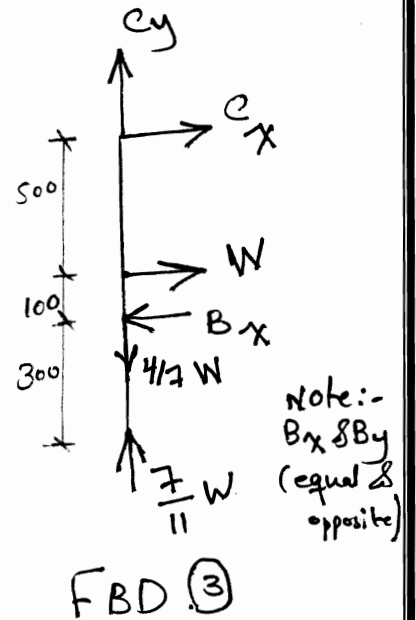
$$B = \sqrt{B_x^2 + B_y^2} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2} w$$

$$\approx 1.0104 w$$

Now, we set $B \equiv 24 \Rightarrow$

$$1.0104 w = 24 \Rightarrow W_{\max} = 23.75 \text{ kN}$$

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Note:-
 B_x & B_y
 (equal &
 opposite)

FBD ③

Problem 4:-

- Given :-

. The figure shown

Fig. P4

. $F_{DE} = 800 \text{ N}$.

. $\alpha = 80^\circ$

- Required :-

. the Horizontal force at A.

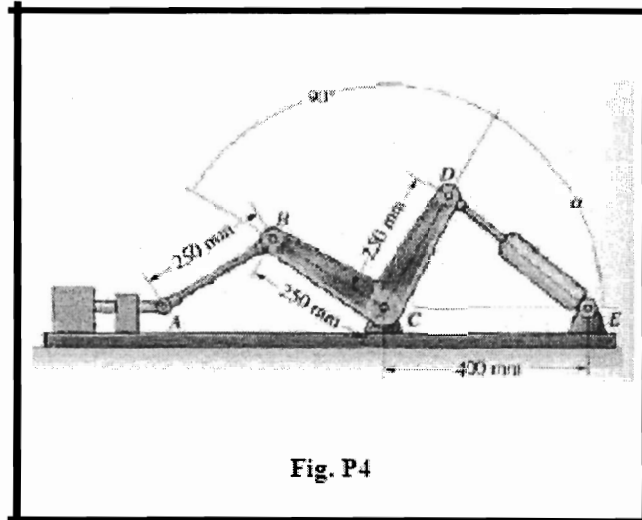


Fig. P4

- Solution :-

The FBD of BCD is drawn. (why?!)

Note that AB and DE are two-force members. (why?!)

F_{DE} is shown as "C". Could it be "T" ?!

$$x_D = 250 \cos 80 = 43.412 \text{ mm}$$

$$y_D = 250 \sin 80 = 246.20 \text{ mm}$$

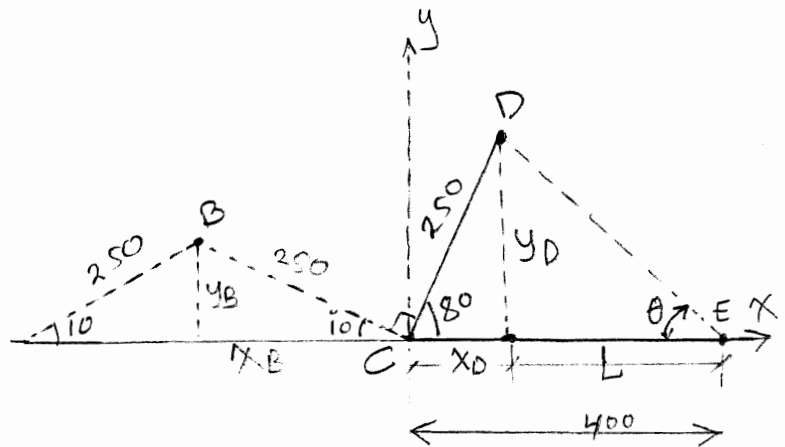
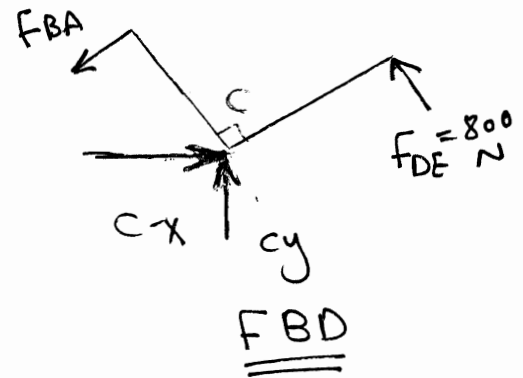
$$|x_B| = 250 \cos 10 = 246.20 \text{ mm}$$

$$y_B = 250 \sin 10 = 43.412 \text{ mm}$$

$$L = 400 - x_D = 356.59 \text{ mm}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y_D}{L} = \frac{246.20}{356.59}$$

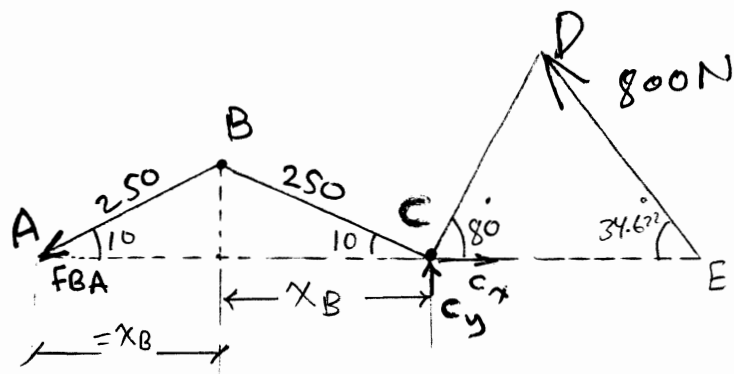
$$\Rightarrow \theta = 34.622^\circ$$



Geometry

$$+\curvearrowright \sum M_c = 0 = 800 \sin 34.622 (400) + F_{BA} \sin 10 (2 \times 246.20)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{F_{BA} = -2126.4 \text{ N} = 2126.4 \text{ N} \nearrow "c"}}$$



The horizontal component of F_{BA} is

$$F_x^A = F_{BA} \cos 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{F_x^A = 2094 \text{ N}}$$

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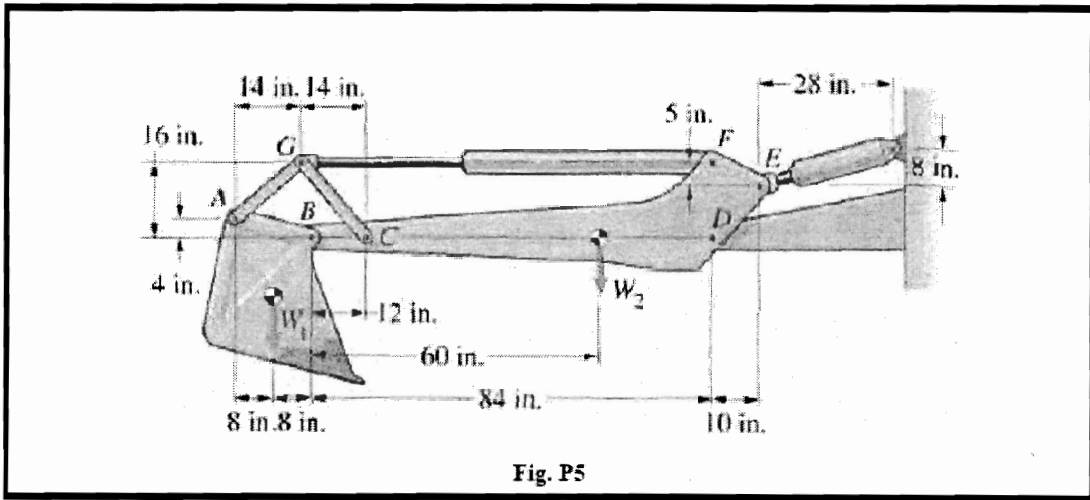


Fig. P5

Problem 5:

- Given:

• The figure shown above (Fig. P5)

• $W_1 = 1500 \text{ lb}$, $W_2 = 2000 \text{ lb}$.

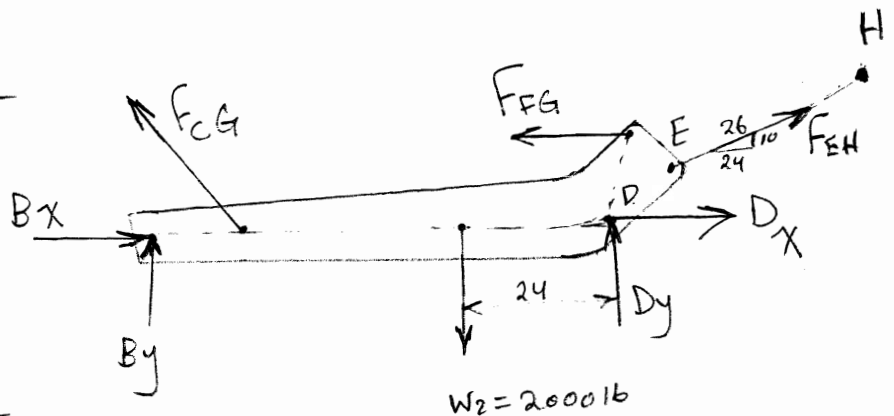
- Required:

• The forces on member BCD.

- Solution:-

The FBD of member BCD is drawn as shown.

Note that CG, EH, and FG are two-force members.



Also, note that in FBD ①, there are 7 unknowns (and only 3 equations). Thus, we cannot start with it.



Take AB (bottom left part).

FBD ② is drawn.

$$\uparrow \sum M_B = 0 \quad (\text{why?!})$$

$$1500(8) - \frac{14}{\sqrt{340}} F_{AG}(4) - \frac{12}{\sqrt{340}} F_{AG}(16) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{AG} = 892.21 \text{ lb}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow -B_x + \frac{14}{\sqrt{340}} (892.21) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_x = 677.42 \text{ lb} \quad (\leftarrow)$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow -1500 - B_y + \frac{12}{\sqrt{340}} (892.21) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = -919.36 \text{ lb} = 919.36 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$

\Rightarrow In member BCD, \vec{B} is equal & opposite \Rightarrow

$$B_x = 677.4 \text{ lb} \rightarrow$$

$$B_y = 919.4 \text{ lb} \downarrow$$

We still have 5 unknowns in FBD ① (BCD).

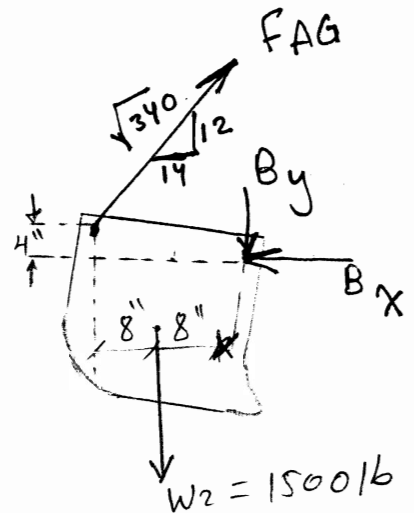
At point G, all members connected are two-force members. It has 1 known force (F_{AG}) and two unknowns.

\Rightarrow we can solve \Rightarrow FBD ③

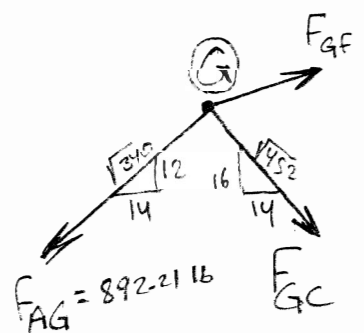
$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 \quad (\text{why start with it?!})$$

$$-892.21 \left(\frac{12}{\sqrt{340}} \right) - F_{GC} \left(\frac{16}{\sqrt{452}} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{GC} = -771.54 \text{ lb} = 771.54 \text{ lb} \uparrow$$



FBD ②



$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow F_{GF} - 892.21 \left(\frac{14}{\sqrt{340}} \right) - 771.54 \left(\frac{14}{\sqrt{452}} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{GF} = 1185.5 \text{ lb } (\rightarrow) \text{ "T"}$$

On BCD,

$$F_{CG} = 771.54 \text{ lb } \searrow \text{ "C"}$$

$$F_{FG} = 1185.5 \text{ lb } \leftarrow \text{ "T"}$$

Now, we come back to FBD ① (3 remaining unknowns only). \Rightarrow

$$\begin{aligned} \uparrow \sum M_D = 0 = & 2000(24) - F_{EH} \left(\frac{24}{26} \right) (11) + F_{EH} \left(\frac{10}{26} \right) (10) \\ & + 1185.5(16) + 919.36(84) + 771.54 \left(\frac{16}{\sqrt{452}} \right) (72) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{EH} = 29,488 \text{ lb } \nearrow \text{ "T"}$$

$$\rightarrow \sum F_x = 0 = D_x + 677.42 + 771.54 \left(\frac{14}{\sqrt{452}} \right) - 1185.5$$

$$+ 29,488 \left(\frac{24}{26} \right) \Rightarrow D_x = -27,220 \text{ lb} = 27,220 \text{ lb } \leftarrow$$

$$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0 = D_y - 2000 - 919.36 - 771.54 \left(\frac{16}{\sqrt{452}} \right) + 29488 \left(\frac{10}{26} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow D_y = -7,842 \text{ lb} = 7,842 \text{ lb } \downarrow$$

The values for these forces can be presented on FBD ① (BCD) as drawn in previous problems.

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