

Prob. 7-49 (P-345)

Given: Force system in Fig.

Req. d:

To draw the shear force and bending moment diagram.

Sol. n:

$$\sum \circlearrowleft M_A = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 50 \times 20 \times 10 - B_y \times 20 + 200 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = 510 \text{ lb}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \Rightarrow A_y + 510 - 50 \times 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_y = 490 \text{ lb}$$

From Fig (b) AB ($0 \leq x < 20'$)

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow 490 - 50x - V = 0$$

$$\therefore V = 490 - 50x$$

$$\sum \circlearrowleft M = 0 \Rightarrow M + 50 \times x \times \frac{x}{2} - 490x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = 490x - 25x^2$$

From Fig (c) BC ($20' < x < 30'$)

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 490 + 510 - 50 \times 20 - V = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = 0$$

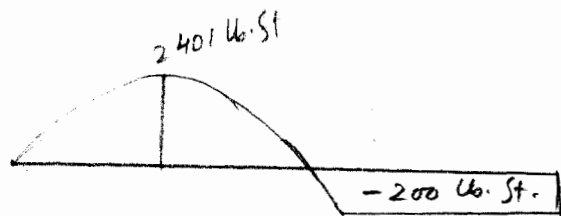
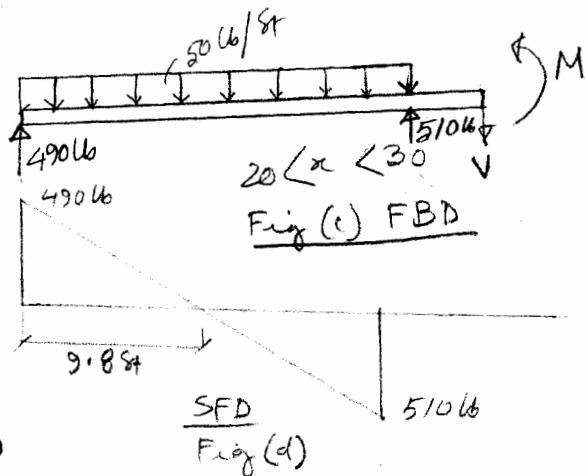
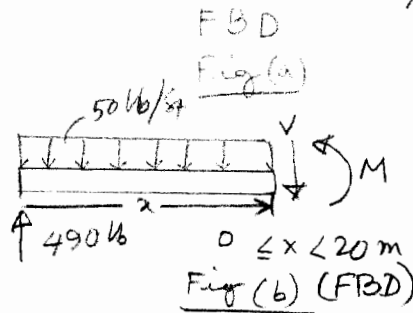
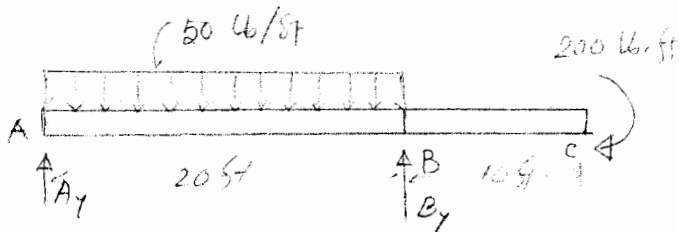
$$\sum \circlearrowleft M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow +M - 490 \times x - 510(x-20)$$

$$+ 50 \times 20 \times (x-10) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = +490x + 510x - 10200 - 1000x + 10,000 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = -200 \text{ lb-ft}$$

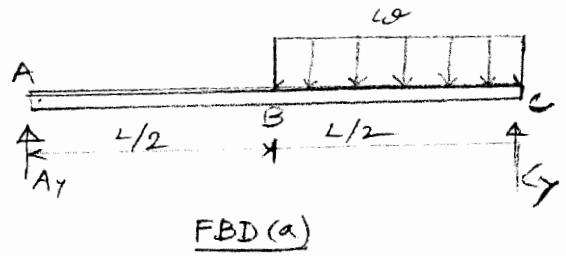


Prob 7-50 (P-345)

Given: Forces shown in Figure.

Req. d:

To draw shear force and moment diagram for the beam.

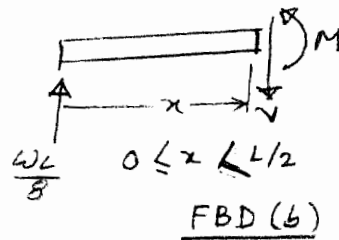


Sol. n: From FBD (a)

$$\sum M_A = 0 \Rightarrow Cy \cdot L - \frac{wL}{2} \left(\frac{3L}{4} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow Cy = \frac{3}{8} wL$$

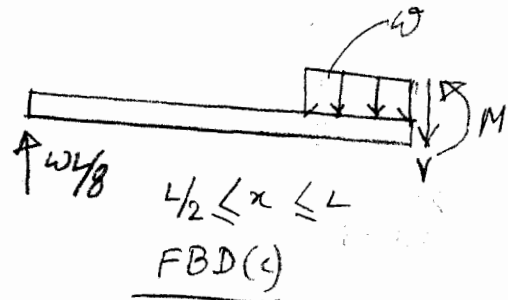
$$\sum Fy = 0 \Rightarrow Ay = \frac{wL}{2} - \frac{3wL}{8} = \frac{wL}{8}$$



From FBD (b) $[AB \ (0 \leq x \leq L/2)]$

$$+\uparrow \sum Fy = 0; \quad V = wL/2$$

$$+\circlearrowleft \sum M = 0; \quad M = \frac{wL}{8}x$$



From FBD (c) $BC \ (L/2 \leq x \leq L)$

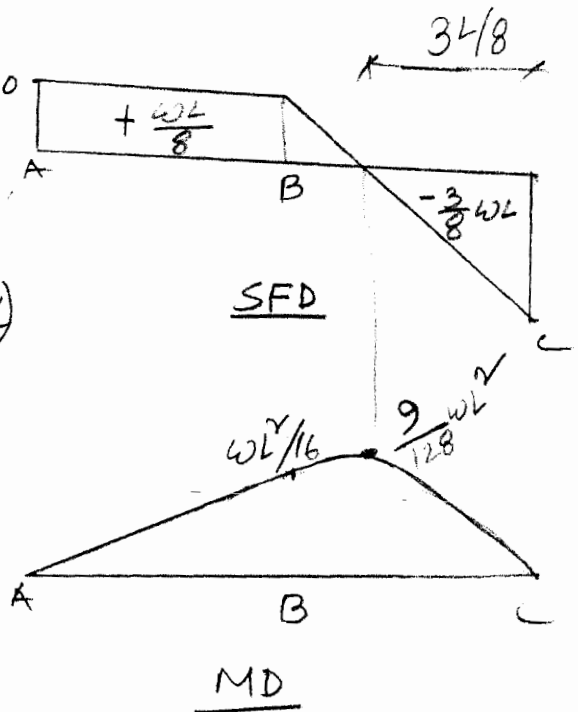
$$+\uparrow \sum Fy = 0; \quad -V - w(x - L/2) + \frac{wL}{8} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = \frac{wL}{8} - w(x - L/2)$$

$$+\circlearrowleft \sum M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -M + \frac{wL}{8}x - \frac{w(x - L/2)(x - L/2)}{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = \frac{wLx}{8} - \frac{1}{2}w(x - L/2)^2$$



Prob. 7.54 (P. 346)

Given:

Forces shown in Fig.

Req. d:

To draw SF and BMD.

Sol. n:

From FBD (b)

$$B_y = C_y = \frac{wL/2}{2} = \frac{wL}{4} \text{ (for symmetry)}$$

From FBD (a)

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow A_y = wL - \frac{wL}{4} = \frac{3}{4}wL$$

$$\sum M_A = -M$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{wL}{4}(L) - wL\left(\frac{L}{2}\right) = -M$$

$$\Rightarrow M = \frac{wL^2}{4}$$

at AC $0 < x < L$ (FBD(c))

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -V - wx + \frac{3}{4}wL = 0$$

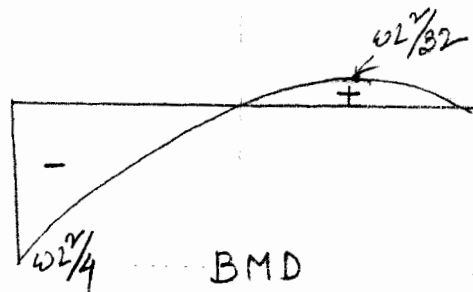
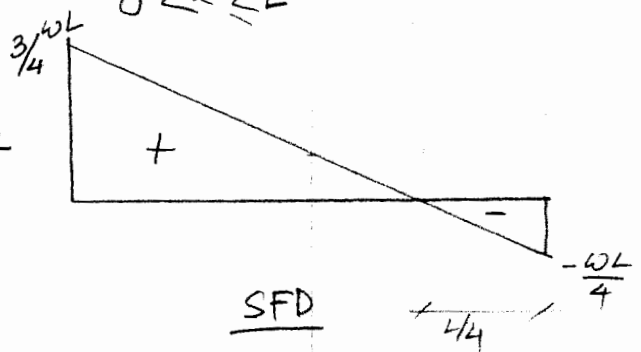
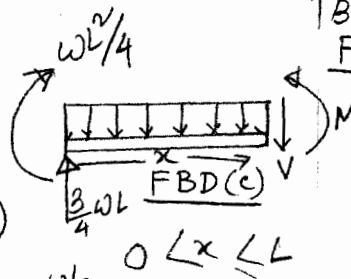
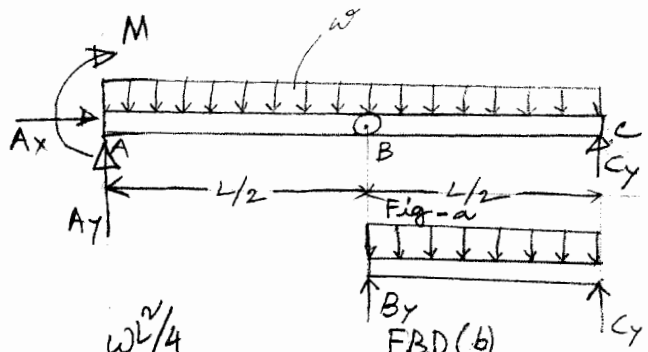
$$\therefore V = -wx + \frac{3}{4}wL$$

$$\sum M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{wL^2}{4} - \frac{3}{4}wL \cdot x + \frac{wx^2}{2} + M = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = -\frac{wL^2}{4} + \frac{3}{4}wLx - \frac{wx^2}{2}$$

Note: one section only ??!



Prob. 7-60 (P. 7-60)

Given: The beam shown.

Req. d':

SFD & BMD.

Sol. n:

First vertical reaction needed.

from FBD (a)

$$\sum \epsilon M_A = 0 \Rightarrow B_y \times 3 - \frac{1}{2} \times 300 \times 3 \times \frac{2}{3} (3)$$

$$- 300 \times 4 \times \left(\frac{4}{2} + 3\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow B_y = 2300 \text{ N}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow A_y = \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 300 + 300 \times 4 - 2300 = -650$$

at $0 \leq x \leq 3 \text{ m}$ (AB)

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow -650 - V - \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{300}{3} \times x\right) \times x = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = -650 - 50x$$

$$\sum \epsilon M = 0 \Rightarrow M + 650x + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{300}{3} \times x \times x + \frac{1}{3} x = 0$$

$$\therefore M = -650x - \frac{50x^2}{3}$$

at $3 \text{ m} < x \leq 7 \text{ m}$ (BC)

$$\sum F_y = 0 \Rightarrow -650 - \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 300 - 300(x-3) + 2300 - V = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V = -650 - 450 - 300x + 900 + 2300$$

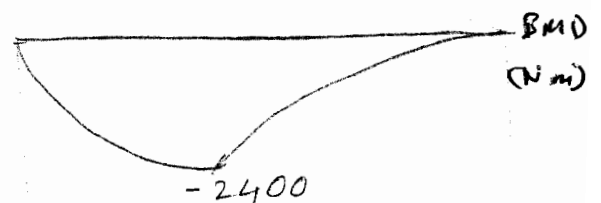
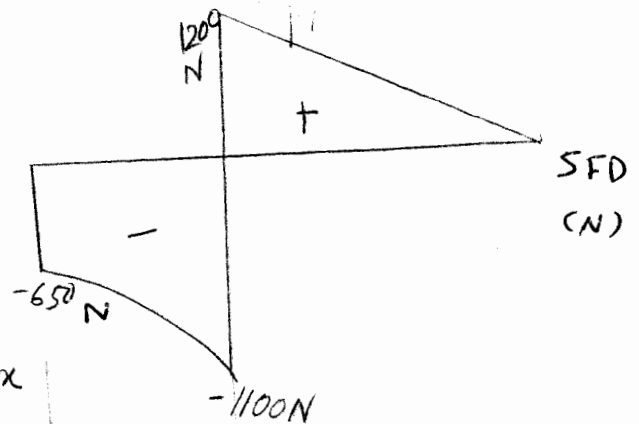
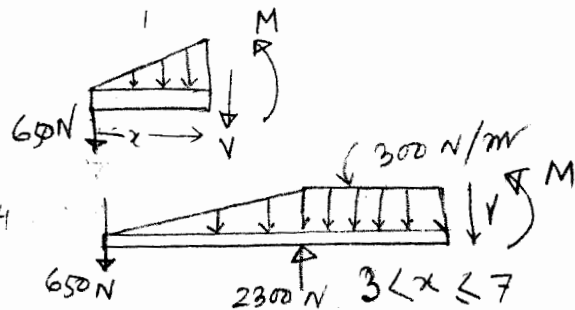
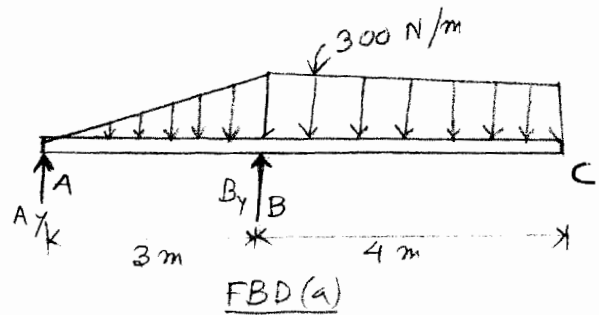
$$\Rightarrow V = 2100 - 300x$$

$$\sum \epsilon M = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 650 \times x - 230(x-3) + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 300 \left(x - \frac{2}{3} \times 3\right)$$

$$+ 300(x-3) \left(3 + \frac{(x-3)}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow M = 2910 - 870x - 300x^2$$



Prob-121 (P-375)

Given: Beam shown in Fig
Moment at center is zero.

Req. d:

The distance "a".

Soln

For symmetry

$$A_y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{L}{2} \right) w = \frac{w}{4} (a+L)$$

$$\sum M_c (\text{center}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 - A_y \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{L-a}{2} \times w \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{L-a}{2 \times 3} \right) + \frac{a}{2} \times w \times \frac{a}{4} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{w}{4} (a+L) \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) + \frac{w(L-a)}{4} \left(\frac{a}{2} + \frac{L-a}{6} \right) + \frac{w a^2}{8} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{w}{4} \left\{ -(a+L) \left(\frac{a}{2} \right) + (L-a) \left(\frac{2a+L}{6} \right) + \frac{a^2}{2} \right\} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{a^2}{2} - \frac{aL}{2} + \frac{2aL}{6} - \frac{2a^2}{6} + \frac{L^2}{6} - \frac{aL}{6} + \frac{a^2}{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -2a^2 + L^2 - 2aL = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -2a^2 - 2La + L^2 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad 2a^2 + 2La - L^2 = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad a^2 + La - \frac{L^2}{2} = 0$$

$$a = \frac{-(-L) \pm \sqrt{(-L)^2 - 4(L)\left(-\frac{L}{2}\right)}}{2 \times (-2)} = \frac{L \pm L\sqrt{12}}{-4}$$

Taking \ominus sign $a = \frac{L - L\sqrt{12}}{-4} \Rightarrow \boxed{a = 0.366L}$

Try "other" methods & compare !!

